

Loyola University of Chicago

Consolidated Financial Statements as of and
for the Years Ended June 30, 2022 and 2021,
Supplemental Schedule of Expenditures of Federal
Awards for the Year Ended June 30, 2022, and
Independent Auditor's Reports

LOYOLA UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

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PART I

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees of
Loyola University of Chicago
Chicago, Illinois

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Loyola University of Chicago ("LUC"), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the related consolidated statements of activities, changes in net assets, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements (collectively referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of LUC as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of LUC and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about LUC's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of LUC's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about LUC's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

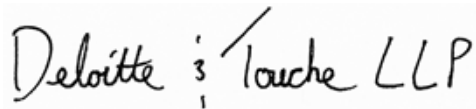
Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements as a whole. The accompanying financial responsibility schedule and schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the consolidated

financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the consolidated financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the consolidated financial statements, or to the consolidated financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 22, 2022, on our consideration of LUC's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of LUC's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering LUC's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

The image shows a handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Deloitte Touche LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style. The word "Deloitte" is on the left, followed by a vertical line with a horizontal tick at the top, then "Touche" and "LLP" on the right.

September 22, 2022

LOYOLA UNIVERSITY CHICAGO

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As of June 30, 2022 and 2021

<i>(In thousands of dollars)</i>	2022	2021
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 80,937	\$ 106,198
Short-term investments	200,874	208,533
Notes and accounts receivable, net	89,409	51,642
Other assets	9,202	8,095
Endowment and other long-term investments	1,004,715	1,072,247
Right of use asset - operating leases	1,261	1,363
Assets held in trust by others	2,296	2,294
Interest held in perpetual trust	13,791	16,064
Land, buildings and equipment, net	1,019,949	1,057,604
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,422,434	\$ 2,524,040
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 61,209	\$ 61,686
Deferred revenue	29,883	30,920
Unexpended grants	12,406	12,101
Refundable U.S. government student loan funds	9,038	12,545
Indebtedness	281,073	356,796
Lease liability - operating	1,291	1,384
Pension and other postretirement plan liabilities	40,394	50,456
Other liabilities	5,100	4,965
TOTAL LIABILITIES	440,394	530,853
NET ASSETS:		
Without donor restrictions	1,421,334	1,451,060
With donor restrictions	560,706	542,127
TOTAL NET ASSETS	1,982,040	1,993,187
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 2,422,434	\$ 2,524,040

See notes to the consolidated financial statements.

LOYOLA UNIVERSITY CHICAGO
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

(In thousands of dollars)	2022			2021		
	Without donor restrictions	With donor restrictions	Total 2022	Without donor restrictions	With donor restrictions	Total 2021
OPERATING REVENUES:						
Tuition and fees, net of scholarships \$272,099 (2022) and \$250,782 (2021)	\$ 422,605	\$	\$ 422,605	\$ 403,935	\$	\$ 403,935
Auxiliary services	58,884		58,884	8,023		8,023
Academic support	26,093		26,093	24,916		24,916
Other	26,578		26,578	22,240		22,240
Grants and contracts for sponsored projects	49,666		49,666	48,177		48,177
Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund student aid	19,825		19,825	13,098		13,098
Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund Institutional aid	1,586		1,586	-		-
Gifts - cash and financial assets	4,854		4,854	1,489		1,489
Gifts - nonfinancial assets	37		37	71		71
Return on short-term investments and interest income	(7,573)		(7,573)	1,774		1,774
Investment income designated for operations	9,769		9,769	9,055		9,055
Net assets utilized or released from restrictions for operations	18,206		18,206	15,273		15,273
Net assets released - board designated	6,730		6,730	6,010		6,010
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	637,260		637,260	554,061		554,061
OPERATING EXPENSES:						
Salaries and wages	287,863		287,863	268,746		268,746
Fringe benefits	72,002		72,002	55,458		55,458
Non-salary operating expenses	149,069		149,069	108,991		108,991
Depreciation and amortization	58,316		58,316	58,959		58,959
Insurance and utilities	16,229		16,229	14,302		14,302
Interest	12,346		12,346	13,207		13,207
Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund student aid	19,825		19,825	13,098		13,098
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	615,650		615,650	532,761		532,761
RESULTS OF OPERATIONS	21,610		21,610	21,300		21,300
NON-OPERATING INCOME (LOSS):						
Gifts	20	79,300	79,320		19,150	19,150
Investment return, net of amounts designated for operations	(54,130)	(33,514)	(87,644)	140,602	114,345	254,947
Net periodic pension and post retirement plan cost	(1,109)		(1,109)	(2,421)		(2,421)
Retirement plan related changes other than net periodic retirement plan cost	5,235		5,235	10,100		10,100
Other	(7,183)	(2,672)	(9,855)	4,923	2,776	7,699
Net assets transferred or released from restrictions	6,329	(24,535)	(18,206)	7,956	(23,229)	(15,273)
Net assets released - board designated	(6,730)		(6,730)	(6,010)		(6,010)
Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund Institutional aid	6,232		6,232	12,481		12,481
TOTAL NON-OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(51,336)	18,579	(32,757)	167,631	113,042	280,673
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	(29,726)	18,579	(11,147)	188,931	113,042	301,973
Total net assets, beginning of year	1,451,060	542,127	1,993,187	1,262,129	429,085	1,691,214
TOTAL NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$ 1,421,334	\$ 560,706	\$ 1,982,040	\$ 1,451,060	\$ 542,127	\$ 1,993,187

See notes to the consolidated financial statements.

LOYOLA UNIVERSITY CHICAGO

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

<i>(In thousands of dollars)</i>	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Increase (decrease) in net assets	\$ (11,147)	\$ 301,973
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	58,316	58,959
Provision for bad debt expense	807	1,142
Retirement plan related changes	(5,235)	(10,100)
Provision for retirement costs	1,109	2,421
Net realized and unrealized (gain) loss on investments	93,149	(260,317)
Net realized and unrealized (gain) loss on interest held in perpetual trust	2,050	(3,361)
Contributions restricted for long-term investment	(21,123)	(5,692)
Other	3,261	(2,642)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Notes and accounts receivable, net	(40,516)	761
Other assets	(1,112)	(478)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(2,894)	14,321
Tenured faculty voluntary transition incentive program liability	-	(22,307)
Deferred revenue and unexpended grants	(732)	2,666
Interest held in perpetual trust	223	196
Refundable U.S. government student loan funds	(3,507)	(2,437)
Employer contributions to pension and retiree health plan	(5,936)	(5,663)
Other liabilities	98	252
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	66,811	69,694
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from sale of investments	389,251	144,134
Purchases of investments	(403,424)	(142,961)
Purchases of short-term investments, net	(3,785)	(8,096)
Expenditures for land, buildings and equipment	(22,886)	(26,011)
Student loans issued	(578)	(866)
Student loans collected	2,520	3,025
NET CASH USED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	(38,902)	(30,775)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Contributions restricted for long-term investment	21,123	5,692
Retirement of debt	(74,293)	(16,293)
NET CASH USED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(53,170)	(10,601)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(25,261)	28,318
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	106,198	77,880
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 80,937	\$ 106,198

See notes to the consolidated financial statements.

LOYOLA UNIVERSITY CHICAGO

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021

(1) Overview of Loyola University of Chicago

Loyola University of Chicago (referred to as Loyola University Chicago, the University, or LUC) is a private, coeducational, not-for-profit institution of higher education and research founded in 1870 by the Society of Jesus (Jesuits). LUC's patron saint and namesake is St. Ignatius Loyola (1491-1556), the founder of the Society of Jesus. The year 2020 marked the University's 150th anniversary.

LUC is one of the largest Jesuit, Catholic universities in the United States and provides educational services to approximately seventeen thousand students primarily in undergraduate degree programs as well as graduate and professional degree programs. LUC performs research, training, and other services under grants and contracts with government agencies and other sponsoring organizations. LUC is home to 15 schools, colleges, and institutes. LUC operates four campuses: Lake Shore, Water Tower, Health Sciences, and the John Felice Rome Center in Italy, as well as a center in Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam, the Cuneo Mansion & Gardens in Vernon Hills, Illinois and a Retreat and Ecology Campus in Woodstock, Illinois.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Loyola University Chicago and Mundelein College (Mundelein). All intercompany transactions and balances are eliminated upon consolidation.

(2) Tax Status

LUC and Mundelein are Illinois not-for-profit corporations and are exempt from federal income taxes under section 501(c)(3) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code.

(3) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a) Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). These principles require management to make estimates and judgments affecting the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses. Actual results could differ from these estimates. The following notes may include reference to specific GAAP pronouncements including the Financial Accounting Standards Board's (FASB) Accounting Standards Updates (ASU) or Accounting Standards Codifications (ASC).

b) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are liquid instruments having original maturities at the time of purchase of three months or less, or funds investing primarily in such instruments, excluding those held in short-term and long-term investments. Cash and cash equivalents represent short-term, highly liquid investments that convert readily to cash and carry little interest rate risk.

c) Short-term Investments

Short-term investments are comprised of investments in securities or funds whose maturities and duration extend beyond the characteristics of cash and cash equivalents but are not considered long-term investments. Short-term investments are recorded at fair value and are generally priced and available on a daily basis. Investment income is recorded on the accrual basis and purchases and sales of short-term investment securities are recorded on a trade-date basis.

d) Other Assets

Other assets are mostly comprised of prepaid expenses. In addition, following the July 1, 2020 (fiscal year 2021) adoption of ASU No. 2018-15, *Customer's Accounting for Implementation Costs Incurred in a Cloud Computing Arrangement That is a Service Contract*, capitalized implementation costs incurred in a cloud computing arrangement that is a service contract will also be included in this asset category.

e) Long-term Investments

Long-term investments are recorded at fair value. The fair value of a financial instrument is the amount that would be received to sell an asset, or the amount that would be paid to transfer a liability, in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Investments in publicly-traded equity securities are valued based on quoted market prices. To the extent that quoted market prices are not readily available, fair value may be determined based on broker or dealer quotations or alternate pricing sources with reasonable levels of price transparency. Securities that trade infrequently may be valued as determined in good faith by LUC's investment managers.

The fair value of fixed income securities may be determined based on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar credit ratings, dealer-supplied prices or by discounting future principal and interest payments at prevailing interest rates.

The fair value of holdings of mutual funds, common collective trusts, and commingled funds are determined by reference to the funds' underlying assets, which are principally marketable equity and fixed income securities. Units held in registered mutual funds and in common collective trusts and commingled funds that do not have a readily determined market value for fund units are valued based on the funds' net asset value as supplied by the fund administrator or trustee. Estimates of fair value provided by general partners or investment managers are reviewed by management.

Investments in private investment funds are recorded at estimated fair value based on LUC's share of the funds' fair value or number of units outstanding. A private investment fund's fair value is typically based on estimated asset values as of valuation dates that precede the LUC fiscal year end by up to 180 days and are adjusted for cash flows that occur between the valuation date and year end. These funds allocate gains, losses, and expenses to partners based on their respective ownership percentages or the number of units held. Management reviews reports and financial statements and communicates regularly with fund managers to maintain oversight of their valuation processes and estimates.

Effective July 1, 2020 (fiscal year 2021) LUC adopted the additional disclosure requirements of ASU No. 2018-13, *Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820) – Disclosure Framework – Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Fair Value Measurement* and concluded that the requirements were not material to the consolidated financial statements.

Investment income is recorded on the accrual basis. Purchases and sales of long-term investment securities are recorded on a trade-date basis.

f) Derivative Financial Instruments

LUC may use derivative financial instruments in the management of its treasury and investment portfolio. In addition, investment managers engaged by LUC may use derivative instruments to implement their investment strategies. Investments in derivative financial instruments are not designated as hedges. All derivative financial instruments used for investment purposes are marked to market and recorded at fair value. Gains and losses realized on derivative financial instruments used for investment purposes are recorded in the consolidated statements of activities and changes in net assets.

g) Assets Held in Trust by Others

A third party holds escrow funds on behalf of LUC for the purpose of improvement and restoration costs for the Cuneo Mansion and Gardens in Vernon Hills, Illinois. The escrow was established under a preservation agreement between LUC and the Village of Vernon Hills and Lake County.

h) Interest Held in Perpetual Trust

LUC is the beneficiary of funds held in trust. LUC does not control or have possession of these funds, but receives income from the trust in support of LUC's Health Sciences programs. Funds are recognized at the estimated fair value of future cash flows, which is estimated to equal the fair value of the trust assets.

i) Land, Buildings and Equipment

Land, buildings and equipment are recorded at cost or fair value at the date of purchase or gift to the University. Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis using the following useful lives: building shell, 40-50 years; building improvements, 10-25 years; furniture, 7-20 years; and equipment, 3-10 years. LUC capitalizes assets with a purchase price or fair value of \$5,000 or greater and with a useful life of over 1 year. LUC uses the component method of capitalization.

This asset category also includes the capitalized value of library books and art collections. The University follows ASU 2019-03, *Updating the Definition of Collections (Topic 958)*, which modified the definition of the term collections (i.e. works of art, historical treasures, and similar assets) and clarifies certain accounting and disclosure guidance related to such collections. This guidance, which was effective for LUC beginning July 1, 2020 (fiscal year 2021), had no impact on the consolidated financial statements.

Management continually reviews its long-lived assets for evidence of potential impairment. No impairment adjustments were recorded as of June 30, 2022.

j) Leases

Effective July 1, 2020 (fiscal year 2021), the University adopted ASU No. 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*, which requires that lessees recognize rights and obligations arising from leases as assets and liabilities on the consolidated statements of financial position. The accounting by lessors remains largely unchanged. The University adopted this standard under a modified retrospective method, applying certain practical expedients to implement the standard. The adoption of this standard resulted in a recognition, as of July 1, 2020, of a right-of-use asset under an operating lease of \$1.4 million and an operating lease liability totaling \$1.4 million. As of the adoption date, there was one financing lease for \$68 thousand, which had been recognized previously as a capital lease. LUC has elected the short-term lease exemption and therefore does not recognize a right-of-use asset or corresponding liability for lease arrangements with an original term of 12 months or less. See Note 10, *Leases*, for further information regarding the University's lease-related disclosures.

k) Net Asset Classes

Net assets are classified based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

Net assets not subject to donor-imposed restrictions include those designated by the Board of Trustees such as funds functioning as endowment (quasi-endowments) and board-designated net assets.

Net assets that are subject to donor-imposed restrictions include those restricted for a particular use, expiring with the passage of time, or the occurrence of an event. When donor restrictions are met or the restrictions expire, net assets with donor restrictions are released as net assets without donor restrictions. Net assets subject to donor-imposed restrictions may also require assets to be retained permanently and invested in perpetuity. These restrictions permit the use of some or all of the income earned on the invested assets for specific purposes.

l) Revenue Recognition

The University adheres to the following GAAP concerning revenue recognition:

Revenue from Contracts with Customers. The University follows ASU No. 2014-09, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)*, and recognizes revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods and services in an amount that reflects the consideration to which LUC expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

Clarifying the Scope and the Accounting Guidance for Contributions Received and Contributions Made: The University follows ASU 2018-08, *Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958): Clarifying the Scope and the Accounting Guidance for Contributions Received and Contributions Made*. The ASU provides a framework for determining whether a transaction should be accounted for as a contribution or as an exchange transaction. The guidance also helps determine whether a contribution is conditional and better distinguishes a donor-imposed condition from a donor-imposed restriction.

Reporting Revenue Gross versus Net: The University applies ASU No. 2016-08, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers: Principal versus Agent Considerations (Reporting Revenue Gross versus Net)*, which provides guidance on assessing whether an entity is a principal or an agent in a revenue transaction and whether an entity reports revenue on a gross or net basis.

m) Gifts and Contributions

Contributions of cash and other financial assets

Unconditional gifts and contributions, including unconditional promises to give (pledges) that are reasonably assured to be received, are recognized in the period received and reported at present value in the appropriate category of net assets.

Gifts and contributions received with donor stipulations restricting their use are reported as gifts under non-operating activities and classified as net assets with donor restrictions. The expiration or fulfillment of donor-imposed restrictions on contributions is recognized in the period in which the restriction is fulfilled and are generally shown as net assets released from restrictions for operations.

Gifts and contributions received without donor stipulations restricting their use are reported as operating revenue and classified as net assets without donor restrictions.

Contributions of nonfinancial assets (gifts in kind)

On July 1, 2021 (fiscal year 2022), the University adopted ASU No. 2020-07, *Not-for-Profit Entities (Topic 958): Presentation and Disclosures by Not-for-Profit Entities for Contributed Nonfinancial Assets*. This ASU improves transparency in the reporting of contributed financial assets, also known as gifts-in-kind. The University adopted this ASU on a retrospective basis.

For nonfinancial contributions which are readily consumed, the University recognizes in-kind contribution revenue and a corresponding expense in an amount approximating the estimated fair value at the time of the donation. Should the University accept a contribution of a nonfinancial asset such as real estate, the University will recognize the gift revenue, generally based on an independent appraisal, as non-operating income and will record the asset consistent with its policies for land, building and equipment, or other asset as appropriate.

The University does not rely on contributed services (services that create or enhance nonfinancial assets or provide specialized skills that would need to be purchased if they were not donated), and therefore does not recognize any revenue or expense for contributed services.

The statement of activities and changes in net assets presents the value of contributed nonfinancial assets in fiscal years 2022 and 2021 as a separate line item apart from contributions of cash and other financial assets. During these fiscal years, the contributions of nonfinancial assets were primarily donated goods subsequently used by the University's various programs, consistent with the donor's intent.

n) Grants and Contracts for Sponsored Projects

Grant and contract revenue is recognized when the conditions upon which they depend are substantially met, which primarily is when qualifying expenses or activities occur.

o) Retirement Plans and Other Post Retirement Benefits

LUC follows ASU No. 2017-07, *Compensation – Retirement Benefits (Topic 715): Improving the Presentation of Net Periodic Pension Cost and Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost*. The guidance requires the service cost component of net periodic pension cost and net periodic postretirement benefit cost to be presented as a part of fringe benefits expense in the consolidated statements of activities. The other components of net periodic benefit cost such as interest cost, expected return on plan assets, net prior service cost or credit amortization, and net actuarial gain or loss amortization are reported under net periodic pension and post retirement plan cost in the non-operating activities section of the consolidated statements of activities and changes in net assets.

In addition, effective July 1, 2021 (fiscal year 2022), the University adopted ASU No. 2018-14, *Compensation—Retirement Benefits—Defined Benefit Plans—General (Subtopic 715-20): Disclosure Framework—Changes to the Disclosure Requirements for Defined Benefit Plans*. This guidance eliminates and adds certain disclosures related to defined benefit plans. Please refer to Note 12, *Retirement Plans* for disclosures required by this ASU.

p) Results of Operations

As part of the consolidated statements of activities and changes in net assets, the University presents results of operations as an operating measure. This operating measure represents operating revenues in excess of operating expenses that are an integral part of LUC's academic programming and supporting activities. Net assets utilized or released from donor restrictions to support operating expenditures, releases of board-designated net assets to support current operating activities, and investment income designated for operations, are also included in determining this measure of operations.

The measure of operations excludes investment returns (other than those designated for operations), retirement plan related changes (other than the service cost associated with pension and postretirement benefit plans), gains or losses on the sale or disposal of property, and certain non-recurring items.

q) Related Party Transactions

The University maintains policies to identify and evaluate related party transactions. Related parties include the University's directors, officers, or key employees, any relative of such individuals, or any entity in which such individuals exceed a certain ownership or beneficial interest percent, Mundelein, and the Loyola University Employees' Retirement Plan (LUERP). The University follows ASC 850, *Related Party Disclosures*. Please refer to Note 1, *Overview of Loyola University of Chicago*, and Note 12, *Retirement Plans* for information related to Mundelein and LUERP, respectively. During fiscal years 2022 and 2021, there were no other material related-party transactions to disclose.

r) Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior year's financial statements to enhance comparability with the current year's financial statements. The fiscal year 2021 reclassifications primarily appear in the consolidated statement of cash flows within cash flows from operating activities.

s) Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Credit Losses on Financial Instruments: In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, *Financial Instruments-Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments*. This guidance provides financial statement users with more decision-useful information about the expected credit losses on financial instruments, and other commitments to extend credit, held at each reporting date. The ASU adds to GAAP an impairment model (known as the current expected credit loss (CECL) model) that is based on expected losses rather than incurred losses. For LUC, the ASU is effective beginning in fiscal year 2024, with earlier application permitted. LUC is evaluating the impact of this ASU on the consolidated financial statements.

(4) Investments

Under authority delegated by the Board of Trustees, the Investment Policy Committee of the Board of Trustees establishes the investment policy and guidelines governing the management of LUC's investments. The strategy for long-term investments is predicated on the objectives of growth and preservation of the purchasing power of invested assets; therefore, it is equity-oriented and includes marketable equities, private equity investments, and energy and real estate investments, with diversifying exposure to fixed income investments and hedging strategies. Short-term investments are primarily managed with an objective to ensure safety of principal and a high level of liquidity to meet the needs of LUC's operations. Substantially all investments are managed by external investment managers and all are held in custody by third-party financial institutions.

Fair Value Measurements

FASB ASC Topic 820, *Fair Value Measurement*, establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three categories:

Level 1 - Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments.

Level 2 - Quoted prices in active markets for similar instruments, quoted prices in inactive markets for identical or similar instruments, or model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs are directly or indirectly observable.

Level 3 - Model-derived valuations in which one or more significant inputs are unobservable.

Fair value of investments in certain commingled funds and private partnerships that utilize a net asset value (NAV) per share or that report capital account balances on an equivalent pro-rata basis is estimated, as a practical expedient, to equal the reported NAV for such shares or reported partner's capital balance, as applicable. These investments consist of funds holding primarily publicly traded equity and fixed income securities as well as private partnerships holding equity stakes in public and non-public companies where fund or partnership interests or shares/units are not publicly quoted or traded.

Short-term Investments

LUC had short-term investments of \$200.9 million and \$208.5 million at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The tables below summarize LUC's fair value measurements of short-term investments by the fair value hierarchy levels as of June 30, 2022 and 2021:

(in thousands of dollars)

<u>2022</u>	Total	Level 1	Level 2
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,842	\$ 1,842	\$ -
Fixed income mutual funds	42,910	42,910	
U.S. Treasury and government agency debt securities	50,728		50,728
Municipal debt securities	2,802		2,802
Corporate debt securities	79,716		79,716
Mortgage-related securities	7,421		7,421
Asset-backed securities	14,376		14,376
Collateralized mortgage obligations	1,079		1,079
Total	<u>\$ 200,874</u>	<u>\$ 44,752</u>	<u>\$ 156,122</u>

(in thousands of dollars)

<u>2021</u>	Total	Level 1	Level 2
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,648	\$ 1,648	\$ -
Fixed income mutual funds	69,424	69,424	
U.S. Treasury and government agency debt securities	30,881		30,881
Municipal debt securities	4,650		4,650
Corporate debt securities	71,705		71,705
Mortgage-related securities	12,568		12,568
Asset-backed securities	16,095		16,095
Collateralized mortgage obligations	1,562		1,562
Total	<u>\$ 208,533</u>	<u>\$ 71,072</u>	<u>\$ 137,461</u>

Endowment and Other Long-term Investments

LUC's total endowment and other long-term investments are comprised primarily of endowed funds and board-designated funds functioning as endowment (quasi-endowments). It also includes unrestricted institutional funds, split-interest agreements, and other non-endowed donor and university funds. The table below presents the functional composition of LUC's total endowment and other long-term investments at June 30, 2022 and 2021:

(in thousands of dollars)

	2022	2021
Donor-restricted endowment funds	\$ 421,879	\$ 457,248
Board-designated funds functioning as endowment	465,636	472,202
Total endowment investments ⁽¹⁾	887,515	929,450
Institutional reserves	107,031	130,222
Total long-term investment portfolio	994,546	1,059,672
Split-interest agreements	8,920	11,216
Other invested assets	1,249	1,359
Total endowment and other long-term investments	<u>\$ 1,004,715</u>	<u>\$ 1,072,247</u>

⁽¹⁾ Refer to Note 11, *Financial Assets and Liquidity Resources*, and Note 15, *Net Assets*.

The tables below summarize endowment and other long-term investments' fair value measurements by fair value hierarchy level and NAV (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient, as of June 30, 2022 and 2021:

(in thousands of dollars)

<u>2022</u>	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	NAV
Cash and cash equivalents ⁽¹⁾	\$ (16,910)	\$ (16,910)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
U.S. marketable equity securities	96,751	96,751			
U.S. marketable equity mutual funds	83,548	83,548			
Non-U.S. marketable equity securities	18,880	18,880			
Non-U.S. marketable equity mutual funds	58,605	58,605			
Marketable equity commingled funds	374,934				374,934
Other equity securities	74			74	
Fixed income mutual funds	2,753	2,753			
Fixed income commingled funds	73,186				73,186
U.S. Treasury and government agency debt obligations	89,968		89,968		
Private equity investments	193,732				193,732
Real assets mutual funds	8,066	8,066			
Private real assets investments	21,128				21,128
Total	<u>\$ 1,004,715</u>	<u>\$ 251,693</u>	<u>\$ 89,968</u>	<u>\$ 74</u>	<u>\$ 662,980</u>

⁽¹⁾ Amounts are net of pending trade settlements and derivative offsets.

(in thousands of dollars)

<u>2021</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>NAV</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,181	\$ 6,181	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
U.S. marketable equity securities	86,821	86,821			
U.S. marketable equity mutual funds	98,272	98,272			
Non-U.S. marketable equity securities	306	306			
Non-U.S. marketable equity mutual funds	120,178	120,178			
Marketable equity commingled funds	367,067				367,067
Other equity securities	74			74	
Fixed income mutual funds	17,785	17,785			
Fixed income commingled funds	81,708				81,708
U.S. Treasury and government agency debt obligations	99,596	25,056	74,540		
Private equity investments	157,286				157,286
Real assets mutual funds	8,494	8,494			
Private real assets investments	28,479				28,479
Total	\$ 1,072,247	\$ 363,093	\$ 74,540	\$ 74	\$ 634,540

There were no significant transfers between fair value hierarchy levels for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021. The table below summarizes the changes in fair value of the Level 3 investments in the endowment and other long-term investment portfolio for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021:

(in thousands of dollars)

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Beginning of year	\$ 74	\$ 200
Realized gain	-	971
Sales	-	(1,097)
End of year	\$ 74	\$ 74

LUC is obligated to make future capital contributions in private investment vehicles in the maximum amount of \$132.9 million over the next several years, subject to investment period modifications provided for in fund offering documents or limited partnership agreements.

Fair value estimates, commitment and redemption information for investment funds valued at NAV (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)

Investment Type	2022 Fair Value	Unfunded Commitment	Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice Period	Other Redemption Restrictions
Marketable equity commingled funds ⁽¹⁾	\$ 374,934	\$ -	Weekly to triennially	Three business days to ninety days	Various initial lockup periods, potential redemption fees, limits on redeemable proportion of outstanding balances, and provisions allowing partial redemption despite lockups
Fixed income commingled funds ⁽²⁾	73,186	1,500	Quarterly to only at the direction of investment managers	Sixty-five to ninety days	Certain limits on redeemable proportion of outstanding balances
Private equity Investments ⁽³⁾	193,732	104,057	Directed by investment managers	n/a	None
Private real assets investments ⁽³⁾	21,128	27,314	Directed by investment managers	n/a	None
Total	<u>\$ 662,980</u>	<u>\$ 132,871</u>			

(1) The marketable equity commingled funds category is comprised of investments in funds primarily holding publicly-traded U.S. and non-U.S. equity securities, including long-short equity funds that can vary their net exposures across global markets.

(2) The fixed income commingled funds category is comprised of funds that invest primarily in U.S. high yield bonds and global corporate debt securities, including structured products.

(3) The private equity investments and private real assets investments are comprised of closed-end fund investments primarily holding controlling equity stakes in private firms and real estate assets, respectively.

Derivative Financial Instruments

Derivative financial instruments may be used in the management of the LUC investment portfolio. This is generally done to assist in rebalancing its asset mix and to invest cash that would otherwise earn a low rate of return. As of June 30, 2022 and 2021, the investment portfolio held futures contracts with a notional value of \$25.5 million and \$4.7 million, respectively. The net impact of the futures held at June 30, 2022 is to reduce the proportion of cash in the endowment portfolio by 2.5% while increasing equity exposure by 2.5%. Futures contracts are exchange-traded and subject to the market risk of the underlying indexes from which their prices are derived.

The effect of derivative instruments on the consolidated statements of activities and changes in net assets as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)

Derivative Type	Location in the Consolidated Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets	2022	2021
Equity, fixed income, and currency futures	Non-operating: Investment return, net of amounts designated for operations	<u>\$ (4,525)</u>	<u>\$ (1,251)</u>

Investment Returns

Investment returns, net of investment and management fees, for short-term and long-term investments, for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)

	2022	2021
Interest and dividend income, net of fees	\$ 7,701	\$ 5,459
Net realized gains	94,601	15,602
Net unrealized gain (loss)	(187,750)	244,715
Total net return on investment	<u>\$ (85,448)</u>	<u>\$ 265,776</u>

Returns earned on long-term investments are classified as non-operating activities in the consolidated statements of activities and changes in net assets, while returns earned on short-term investments and operating cash are classified as operating revenues. In addition, expenditures of accumulated investment return earned on board-designated funds functioning as endowment funds are classified as investment income designated for operations under operating revenues, and are deducted from non-operating investment returns, within net assets without donor restrictions.

The table below reconciles total net return on investment with the amounts presented in the consolidated statements of activities and changes in net assets:

(in thousands of dollars)

	2022	2021
Changes in net assets without donor restrictions		
Return on short-term investments and interest income	\$ (7,573)	\$ 1,774
Investment income designated for operations	9,769	9,055
Non-operating investment gain (loss)	(44,361)	149,657
Less: Amounts designated for operations	(9,769)	(9,055)
Non-operating investment return, net of amounts designated for operations	<u>(54,130)</u>	<u>140,602</u>
Changes in net assets with donor restrictions		
Non-operating investment return, net of amounts designated for operations	(33,514)	114,345
Total net return on investment	<u>\$ (85,448)</u>	<u>\$ 265,776</u>

Endowment Net Assets

LUC's endowment consists of hundreds of individual funds established for a variety of purposes supporting LUC operations. Donor restricted endowment fund balances are classified and reported as net assets in accordance with donor specifications and GAAP. While funds functioning as endowment (quasi-endowments) are not subject to donor restrictions, approval by the Board of Trustees is required to spend from or otherwise alter the designated principal of these funds.

The LUC Board of Trustees has reviewed the Illinois Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA or the Act) and, having considered its rights and obligations thereunder, has determined that it is desirable for LUC to preserve, on a long-term basis, the original value of a contribution of a donor-restricted endowment fund as of the gift date, subject to any express language in the applicable endowment agreement indicating otherwise and pursuant to UPMIFA. Notwithstanding the foregoing, this determination is not intended to, and shall not, affect LUC's authority under UPMIFA to spend any amounts from an endowment fund on a short-term basis even if the market value of the endowment fund is below the original value of the contributions by the donor. As a result of this determination, LUC classifies as net assets with donor restrictions (a) the original value of gifts contributed to a donor-restricted endowment fund, and (b) the original value of subsequent gifts to a donor-restricted endowment fund.

In accordance with the Act, LUC considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- The purposes of LUC and of the donor-restricted endowment fund;
- The duration and preservation of the fund;
- General economic conditions;
- The possible effects of inflation and deflation;
- The investment policies of LUC;
- The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments;
- Other LUC resources

LUC uses a total return-linked spending policy designed to preserve the value of the endowment fund in real terms (i.e. after inflation) and to generate a predictable stream of income to support spending. Endowment spending can consist of interest, dividends or accumulated capital gains, and the proportion of each varies from year to year.

The primary objective of the endowment investment policy is to provide a stable source of funding for LUC programs, financial aid, and faculty support that will maintain and expand the purchasing power of endowment payout over a long-term time horizon.

Target allocations, and acceptable ranges of deviation from them, are established in order to achieve a diversified investment portfolio that can adapt to changing market environments and investment opportunities. The endowment portfolio is also managed to ensure that, within the constraints of its asset allocation targets, sufficient liquidity is maintained to fund ongoing spending draws and the periodic funding requirements of its various investments.

The following table summarizes the asset allocation targets as of June 30, 2022 for the endowment and long-term investment portfolio:

Target Asset Class	Allocation
Global equity	45.0%
Private capital	20.0%
Real assets	2.5%
Opportunistic Credit	2.5%
Absolute Return	20.0%
Fixed income	10.0%
Total	<u>100.0%</u>

Current endowment spending policy establishes a maximum budgeted spending rate in any given year of 5% of an endowment fund's net assets. Proposals for endowed funds to apply a spending rate in excess of 5% must be approved as part of the annual budget approval process. Absent donor stipulations to the contrary, annual appropriations from an endowment fund are determined by application of an annually determined base budget calculation as of a measurement date preceding the beginning of the fiscal year in which the appropriated amounts are to be drawn.

Endowment net assets as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 are classified as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)

	Without donor restrictions	With donor restrictions	Total
<u>2022</u>			
Donor-restricted endowment funds	\$ -	\$ 436,135	\$ 436,135
Underwater endowments	-	(857)	(857)
Board-designated funds functioning as endowments	464,792	-	464,792
Total endowment net assets	<u>\$ 464,792</u>	<u>\$ 435,278</u>	<u>\$ 900,070</u>
<u>2021</u>			
Donor-restricted endowment funds	\$ -	\$ 457,406	\$ 457,406
Underwater endowments	-	(35)	(35)
Board-designated funds functioning as endowments	471,331	-	471,331
Total endowment net assets	<u>\$ 471,331</u>	<u>\$ 457,371</u>	<u>\$ 928,702</u>

From time to time, the fair value of assets associated with individual donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the University has determined is required to be maintained as a fund of perpetual duration. Deficiencies of this nature, referred to as underwater endowments, are reported in net assets with donor restrictions. In the event an endowment falls underwater, current management practice is to allow spending so long as the fair value is at least 95% of the contributed gift value. A balance between 90 to 95% of gift value will allow for reduced spending, and at a fair value of 90% or below gift value, spending is not allowed until the fair value recovers above 90%.

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, the amount by which funds were underwater was calculated as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)

	2022	2021
Aggregate fair value	\$ 19,541	\$ 94
Aggregate original value	20,398	129
Aggregate deficiency	<u>\$ (857)</u>	<u>\$ (35)</u>

The following table provides a summary of the changes in the endowment net assets for the year ended June 30, 2022:

(in thousands of dollars)

<u>2022</u>	Without donor restrictions	With donor restrictions	Total
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$ 471,331	\$ 457,371	\$ 928,702
Contributions and other additions			
Contributions (excluding pledges)		21,331	21,331
Board-designated funds functioning as endowment	39,397		39,397
Total contributions and other additions	<u>39,397</u>	<u>21,331</u>	<u>60,728</u>
Total investment return, net	(36,167)	(32,218)	(68,385)
Income distributed for operating purposes			
Scholarships	(3,130)	(5,052)	(8,182)
Endowed Chairs	(1,751)	(2,661)	(4,412)
Research	(590)	(537)	(1,127)
Other	(4,298)	(2,956)	(7,254)
Total income distributed for operating purposes	<u>(9,769)</u>	<u>(11,206)</u>	<u>(20,975)</u>
Endowment net assets, end of year	<u>\$ 464,792</u>	<u>\$ 435,278</u>	<u>\$ 900,070</u>

Contributions of \$21.3 million in fiscal year 2022 include \$21.1 million received during fiscal year 2022 and \$0.2 million received in prior years but designated to the endowment during fiscal year 2022.

The following table provides a summary of the changes in the endowment net assets for the year ended June 30, 2021:

(in thousands of dollars)

<u>2021</u>	Without donor restrictions	With donor restrictions	Total
Endowment net assets, beginning of year	\$ 352,751	\$ 348,605	\$ 701,356
Contributions and other additions			
Contributions (excluding pledges)	-	7,150	7,150
Board-designated funds functioning as endowment	9,890	-	9,890
Total contributions and other additions	9,890	7,150	17,040
Total investment return, net	117,745	111,351	229,096
Income distributed for operating purposes			
Scholarships	(2,818)	(4,557)	(7,375)
Endowed Chairs	(1,779)	(2,578)	(4,357)
Research	(795)	(512)	(1,307)
Other	(3,663)	(2,088)	(5,751)
Total income distributed for operating purposes	(9,055)	(9,735)	(18,790)
Endowment net assets, end of year	\$ 471,331	\$ 457,371	\$ 928,702

Contributions of \$7.2 million in fiscal year 2021 include \$5.7 million received during fiscal year 2021 and \$1.5 million received in prior years but designated to the endowment during fiscal year 2021.

Split-Interest Agreements

Split-interest agreements consist of arrangements with donors in which LUC shares an interest in the assets held and the benefits received with other beneficiaries.

The assets held under split-interest agreements (charitable trusts for which LUC is the trustee and assets held in respect to gift annuity contracts) were \$8.9 million and \$11.2 million at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and are reported at fair value in endowment and other long-term investments in the consolidated statements of financial position. The discounted present value of any income beneficiary interest is included in accounts payable and other accrued expenses on the consolidated statements of financial position, and was \$4.8 million and \$5.0 million, respectively, at June 30, 2022 and 2021. The discount rate used is 5.5% and 6.0% in fiscal years 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Split-interest agreements for which LUC is not the trustee may or may not be reported on the consolidated statements of financial position, depending on whether a donor or trustee has made LUC aware of the existence of LUC's beneficial interest. Known split-interest agreements for which LUC is not a trustee are reported as other assets in the consolidated statements of financial position.

As of June 30, 2022 and 2021, the amounts related to split-interest agreements, in the non-operating activities section of the consolidated statements of activities and changes in net assets, are as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)

Description	Location in the Consolidated Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets	2022	2021
Actuarial losses on split-interest agreements	Non-Operating: With Donor Restrictions - Other	<u>\$ (422)</u>	<u>\$ (444)</u>

(5) Interest Held in Perpetual Trust

LUC's interest held in perpetual trust is classified as Level 3 in the fair-value hierarchy. The table below summarizes the changes in LUC's fair value measurements for the interest held in perpetual trust as of June 30, 2022 and 2021:

(in thousands of dollars)

	2022	2021
Beginning of year	\$ 16,064	\$ 12,899
Contributions	-	-
Realized gain	511	307
Unrealized gain (loss)	(2,561)	3,054
Distributions	(223)	(196)
End of year	<u>\$ 13,791</u>	<u>\$ 16,064</u>

(6) Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Revenue Recognition)

Disaggregation of Revenue

As presented in the consolidated statements of activities and changes in net assets, the University has various sources of operating revenue described below:

Tuition and fees, net of scholarships

LUC's operating revenue is primarily derived from academic programs provided to students, including undergraduate, graduate, and professional degree granting programs. Tuition and fees revenue is earned by the University for these educational services delivered during an academic term. Tuition is charged at different rates depending on the program in which the student is enrolled. As part of a student's course of instruction, certain fees, such as technology fees and laboratory fees, are billed to students. Tuition and fees are earned over the applicable academic term and are not considered separate performance obligations.

Tuition scholarships awarded by LUC represent a reduction of the tuition transaction price. LUC awards both need-based and merit-based scholarships. Scholarships are generally awarded for the academic year, and are applied to the students' account during each academic term.

Academic terms are determined by regulatory requirements mandated by the federal government and/or applicable accrediting bodies. LUC's academic terms generally consist of Fall, Winter, Spring, and Summer terms. Academic terms are determined by start dates, which vary by program and are generally 8-16 weeks in length. Except for certain programs in the Summer term, the academic terms generally have start and end dates that fall within the University's fiscal year.

The University bills tuition and fees in advance of each academic term, and recognizes the tuition and fees revenue on a straight-line basis, as the educational services are performed, over the academic term or program. Students are typically entitled to a partial refund through approximately the first third of an academic term. Once a student reaches the point in the academic term where no refund is given, generally no refunds are due if the student withdraws subsequent to that date.

Students pay tuition and fees (net of scholarships) through a variety of funding sources, including among others, federal loan and grant programs, state grant programs, institutional payment plans, employer reimbursement, Veterans' Administration and other military funding and grants, private and institutional scholarships and borrowings, and cash payments.

Auxiliary services

Auxiliary services revenue consists primarily of fees for room and dining services (board) during the student's education. The University considers that room fees and dining services are each separate performance obligations.

Room fees are charged at different rates depending on the residence hall and room accommodations. Room fees are billed in advance of each academic term, and recognized as revenue on a straight-line basis over the period housing is provided. While the University believes the residential experience is an integral part of a student's education and the Loyola experience, the University considers the residential arrangement to be a distinct performance obligation from the academic services. Although first and second-year students are expected to live on campus, exemptions are possible, primarily for students living with family or married students.

Dining service fees are charged at different rates depending on the level of access to dining services during the term of the agreement. Dining services are billed in advance of each academic term, and are recognized as revenue ratably over the period during which the dining services are offered.

Some scholarships may be applied against room and board and therefore represent a reduction of the transaction price. Such awards are generally granted for the academic year, and are applied to the student's account during each academic term. Room and board scholarships of \$2.5 million and \$1.8 million were included as a reduction in auxiliary services revenue as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The University returned fully to its Chicagoland campuses for the Fall 2021 semester, including residence hall occupancy. As a result, fiscal year 2022 auxiliary services revenue was higher compared with fiscal year 2021. During fiscal year 2021, in response to the coronavirus pandemic, the University's residence halls were closed during the Fall 2020 semester. With the availability of COVID-19 surveillance testing and mitigation protocols, the residence halls opened to a reduced number of students for the Spring 2021 semester.

In addition to room and board, auxiliary services includes revenue earned for various conference services offered by the University. Revenue from conference services is recognized once the performance obligations are complete. Due to the pandemic, conference services activity was extremely limited during fiscal year 2022 and 2021.

Academic support

Revenue in this category pertains to revenue earned by the University under the Academic Affiliation Agreement with Loyola University Health System (LUHS) and Loyola University Medical Center (LUMC).

The University's education and research mission and programs, including the University's Stritch School of Medicine, Marcella Niehoff School of Nursing, the Parkinson School of Health Sciences and Public Health, and other health science and research programs, represent an integral part of and support the delivery of health care and related clinical services operated by LUHS and LUMC. The academic support amount of \$22.5 million established in 2011 has been adjusted annually based on the consumer price index. The University collects the payment monthly. As of June 30, 2022, the University fully collected the academic support payment for fiscal years 2022 and prior. LUC reported \$26.1 million and \$24.9 million of academic support in the consolidated statements of activities and changes in net assets in fiscal years 2022 and 2021, respectively.

LUHS and LUMC are owned and operated by Trinity Health. See Note 18, *Relationship with Trinity Health*, for additional information.

Other operating revenue

This category consists of revenue generated by the University under contractual arrangements deemed to be exchange transactions. Major revenue streams in this category include rental income generated by various residential and commercial properties owned by the University, revenue from seminars and workshops, athletic-related ticket sales and sponsorships, health and fitness center membership fees, and royalties. Revenue from these activities is generally recognized as services are performed. In fiscal year 2022, revenue in this category increased compared with the prior year. Health and fitness center membership fee revenue increased as did certain athletic-related revenues.

Contract Assets and Deferred Revenue

The University bills for tuition, fees, room and board in advance of the academic term. The student receivable is recognized only once the University has an unconditional right to receive payment because the programs have reached the point at which the amount billed is no longer refundable to the student. A liability for deferred revenue is recognized for the portion of tuition, fees, room and board, whether recognized as a receivable or collected, for which the University has not completed the performance obligations.

The University's academic terms generally have start and end dates that fall within the University's fiscal year. As a result, the substantial majority of tuition, fee, room, and board performance obligations are fulfilled prior to the University's fiscal year end.

Due to the start and end dates for programs in the Summer academic term in relation to the University's fiscal year end, the University recognizes a contract asset and corresponding revenue for tuition, fees, room, and board services which have been delivered as of June 30th, but for which the University does not yet have the unconditional right to receive payment as the students have not reached the point in the academic term at which the amount billed is no longer refundable to the student. Due to the timing of programs during the Summer terms, no contract assets were recorded as of June 30, 2022 or June 30, 2021, respectively.

As the academic terms are typically measured in weeks, contract asset and deferred revenue balances which exist at the end of a fiscal year will generally become a student receivable or revenue, respectively, within the following fiscal year. As of the end of each fiscal year, the University determines a new contract asset or deferred revenue balance for those programs which overlap the University's fiscal year end and are not yet unconditional or earned.

The deferred revenue balances as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, are presented below:

(in thousands of dollars)	Contracts Performed Within One Year		Contracts Greater than One Year	
	Tuition, fees, room, and board	Other	Other	Total
Deferred revenue as of June 30, 2022	\$ 23,299	\$ 2,408	\$ 4,176	\$ 29,883
Deferred revenue as of June 30, 2021	\$ 23,610	\$ 1,655	\$ 5,655	\$ 30,920

The deferred revenue related to contracts greater than one year will primarily be recognized on a straight-line basis over the remaining term of a contract which continues through fiscal year 2030.

Significant Judgments

Significant judgment is required in determining the appropriate approach to applying the revenue recognition criteria. While ASC Topic 606 is generally applied to an individual contract with a customer, as a practical expedient, LUC applies this guidance to a portfolio of contracts (or performance obligations) with similar characteristics. LUC reasonably expects that the effects of applying this guidance to the portfolio would not differ materially from applying the guidance to the individual contracts (or performance obligations) within the portfolio.

For tuition and fees, room, and dining services, the University has determined that contracts for these services can be grouped into a portfolio, specific to each of these three performance obligations. Based on the University's experience, students at different campuses or in different programs have similar characteristics concerning the University's approach to revenue recognition. Agreements concerning enrollment, student financial responsibility, housing, and dining plans each contain terms, which clarify the performance obligations and eligibility for refunds or fee adjustments. These agreements are fundamentally the same regardless of the program of study.

For contracts with customers not pertaining to tuition and fees, room, and board, the University generally applies the revenue recognition guidance on an individual contract basis.

Significant judgment is also required to assess collectability. For the majority of tuition and fees, the University receives cash receipts for tuition payments from various federal and state of Illinois government agencies. Students are required to provide documentation to the Department of Education to be eligible and approved for funding. The University monitors the progress of students through the eligibility and approval process for these financial aid programs. These cash receipts represent a substantial portion of overall billings and have an expected low risk of collectability. For the remainder of tuition and fees, room, and board, the University monitors for situations which would require a reassessment of collectability.

See Note 7, *Notes and Accounts Receivable, Net*, for additional information concerning student and other receivables and related allowance for doubtful accounts. Given the nature of the University's contracts with customers, there are no incremental costs of obtaining a contract and no significant financing components. During the fiscal year, there were no significant changes in the judgements affecting the determination of the amount and timing of revenue from contracts with customers.

(7) Notes and Accounts Receivable, Net

Notes and accounts receivable, net, at June 30, 2022 and 2021 consist of the following:

(in thousands of dollars)	June 30, 2022			June 30, 2021
	Notes and Accounts Receivable	Allowance for doubtful accounts	Notes and Accounts Receivable, net	Notes and Accounts Receivable, net
Student receivables	\$ 7,020	\$ (2,597)	\$ 4,423	\$ 7,381
Student loan notes				
Federal government programs	8,789	(998)	7,791	9,561
Institutional/other programs	1,957	(616)	1,341	1,723
Contributions receivable	60,236	(1,162)	59,074	19,223
Grants receivable	11,098	-	11,098	6,530
Other receivables	5,891	(209)	5,682	7,224
Total	<u>\$ 94,991</u>	<u>\$ (5,582)</u>	<u>\$ 89,409</u>	<u>\$ 51,642</u>

Student receivables

These balances represent amounts billed to students related to their academic experience at LUC, and for which the University has an unconditional right to receive payment because the programs have reached the point at which the amount billed is no longer refundable to the student. The student receivables allowance for doubtful accounts is established based on collection experience. The following table summarizes the change in the student receivables allowance for doubtful accounts during fiscal years 2022 and 2021:

(in thousands of dollars)	Balance, Beginning of Period	Allowance Increase	Amounts Written-off	Balance, End of Period
Allowance for doubtful accounts - Student receivables				
For the year ended June 30, 2022	\$ (4,415)	\$ (1,631)	\$ 3,449	\$ (2,597)
For the year ended June 30, 2021	\$ (4,444)	\$ (886)	\$ 915	\$ (4,415)

Student loan notes

Student loan notes consist of uncollateralized loans to students based on financial need. Student loan notes are primarily funded through federal government loan programs and to a lesser extent by institutional or other programs. At June 30, 2022 and 2021, student loan notes represented less than 1% of total assets.

The student loan notes funded through the federal government consist primarily of loan notes related to the federal Perkins revolving loan program, which provided low-interest loans to students with financial need. This federal program expired on September 30, 2017, with final loan disbursements allowed through June 30, 2018. Although no new Perkins loans are permitted, recipients of the Perkins loans have an obligation to repay the University, which in turn pays the federal government. LUC participates in other government revolving loan programs that function in a similar manner. The availability of funds for loans under federal programs other than Perkins is dependent on reimbursements to the pool from repayments on outstanding loans.

The liability for refundable U.S. government student loan funds in the consolidated statements of financial position was \$9.0 million and \$12.5 million at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, LUC had past due student loans of \$1.8 million and \$2.7 million, respectively. The allowance for doubtful accounts is established based on collection experience. The following table summarizes the change in the student loan notes' allowance for doubtful accounts during fiscal years 2022 and 2021:

(in thousands of dollars)	Balance, Beginning of Period	Allowance Decrease (Increase)	Amounts Written-off	Balance, End of Period
Allowance for doubtful accounts - Student loan notes				
For the year ended June 30, 2022	\$ (2,342)	\$ (97)	\$ 825	\$ (1,614)
For the year ended June 30, 2021	\$ (2,614)	\$ 32	\$ 240	\$ (2,342)

Contributions receivable

Contributions receivable represent unconditional promises to give from donors, collectible in future years. Contributions receivable are recorded after discounting to the present value of the expected future cash flows. Significant fluctuation in the discount rates utilized in this calculation could result in a material change. The discount is computed using an estimated market interest rate that approximates the expected return of an intermediate term bond portfolio for a similar time horizon. The weighted average discount rate utilized at June 30, 2022 was 4.1% and June 30, 2021 was 5.3%. An allowance for uncollectible contributions is established based upon management's judgment of the collectability of outstanding pledges.

During fiscal year 2022, the University received a pledge of \$40 million as part of a comprehensive capital campaign. The pledge is expected to be collected over the next four fiscal years.

Contributions receivable at June 30, 2022 and 2021 are due in the following periods:

(in thousands of dollars)	2022	2021
In one year or less	\$ 15,356	\$ 3,427
Between one year and five years	45,332	13,367
More than five years	8,025	9,368
Present value discount	(8,477)	(5,902)
Total	60,236	20,260
Allowance for uncollectible contributions	(1,162)	(1,037)
Total contributions receivable, net	\$ 59,074	\$ 19,223

Grants receivable

Grants receivable consists of amounts from federal and local government agencies and private entities related to sponsored programs. Substantially all of the balance of \$11.1 million as of June 30, 2022 is expected to be collected within the next fiscal year.

Other receivables

Other receivables consist of amounts expected to be collected from third parties related to the University's operations and programs. Within the upcoming fiscal year, LUC expects to collect \$3.7 million of the \$5.7 million balance as of June 30, 2022. The University regularly assesses the adequacy of the allowance for doubtful accounts, and balances are written off when deemed uncollectible.

(8) Land, Buildings and Equipment, Net

Components of land, buildings, and equipment at June 30, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)

	2022	2021
Land and land improvements	\$ 221,534	\$ 223,629
Buildings	1,487,219	1,479,599
Equipment	162,190	158,288
Library books and art	19,470	19,450
Construction in progress	14,755	5,195
Total	1,905,168	1,886,161
Accumulated depreciation	(885,219)	(828,557)
Land, buildings, and equipment, net	<u>\$ 1,019,949</u>	<u>\$ 1,057,604</u>

At June 30, 2022 and 2021, LUC included \$0.2 million and \$0.3 million, respectively, of capitalized asset retirement costs within net land, buildings, and equipment.

LUC had \$3.1 million and \$3.0 million of conditional asset retirement obligations included within other liabilities in the consolidated statements of financial position at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Liabilities of \$5.5 million and \$2.6 million related to building construction and renovations and purchases of equipment are included in accounts payable and accrued expenses in the consolidated statements of financial position as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

At June 30, 2022, LUC had commitments of \$34.7 million related to various capital projects.

(9) Indebtedness

Notes and bonds payable at June 30, 2022 and 2021 are shown below:

(in thousands of dollars)	Final Maturity (Fiscal Year)	Interest Rate	2022	Interest Rate	2021
Fixed rate:					
Illinois Finance Authority (IFA) (formerly Illinois Educational Facilities Authority (IEFA)):					
Series 2003B taxable bonds ⁽¹⁾	2022	5.60%	\$ -	5.60%	\$ 13,215
Series 2012B tax-exempt bonds	2043	5.00%	76,615	5.00%	79,190
Series 2012A taxable bonds ⁽²⁾	2043	4.63%	100,000	3.20-4.63%	157,220
2017 term note	2024	2.56%	21,065	2.56%	21,420
2020 term note	2035	2.79%	74,040	2.79%	74,040
Rome Center mortgage note ⁽³⁾	2029	1.51%	6,247	1.51%	8,015
Total fixed rate principal debt ⁽⁴⁾		4.01%	<u>277,967</u>	3.93%	<u>353,100</u>
Unamortized debt premium			3,729		4,430
Unamortized debt issuance costs			<u>(623)</u>		<u>(734)</u>
Total indebtedness			<u>\$ 281,073</u>		<u>\$ 356,796</u>

⁽¹⁾ The final maturity of the 2003B Bonds occurred on July 1, 2021 (fiscal year 2022).

⁽²⁾ As of June 30, 2022 all outstanding Series 2012A taxable bonds bear interest at a rate of 4.63%.

⁽³⁾ Principal amount outstanding is subject to currency (euro) fluctuations.

⁽⁴⁾ Interest rate represents the weighted average interest rate on all outstanding principal debt at June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively.

Effective as of August 19, 2020, LUC entered into a 364-day credit facility with PNC Bank, National Association, under which LUC was able to borrow up to \$25 million on a revolving basis. On August 18, 2021, LUC renewed the 364-day credit facility and increased to \$50 million the amount which LUC may borrow on a revolving basis. Borrowings under this facility may bear interest at rates based on LIBOR, the Federal Funds Rate, the Prime Rate, or other negotiated rates. As of June 30, 2022 and 2021 and for the fiscal years then ended, no balances were outstanding nor any interest payable on this facility.

LUC did not record any capitalized interest at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Bond discounts, premiums, and costs incurred in connection with the issuance of bonds are deferred and amortized over the life of the related indebtedness.

Interest paid during the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 was \$14.4 million and \$13.9 million, respectively.

Debt Covenants

Certain debt agreements require the maintenance of financial ratios or impose other restrictions. Management believes LUC is in compliance with financial debt covenants as of June 30, 2022.

Debt Maturities

As of June 30, 2022, total scheduled maturities for the next five fiscal years are as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)

Fiscal Year	
2023	\$ 11,153
2024	17,181
2025	13,864
2026	21,262
2027	13,251
Thereafter	201,256
	<u>\$ 277,967</u>

Please see to Note 21, *Subsequent Events*, for additional information regarding the University's indebtedness and scheduled maturities for the next five fiscal years.

Disclosure of Fair Value of Long-term Debt

The fair value of the outstanding long-term debt as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)

2022		2021	
Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value	Carrying Value
\$ 266,231	\$ 281,073	\$ 392,619	\$ 356,796

The fair value of long-term debt is determined based on discounted cash flows or market prices for comparable borrowings as of June 30, 2022 and 2021. Long-term debt is classified as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy.

(10) Leases

The University has contractual arrangements where it is a lessee. Separately, the University has contractual agreements where the University is a lessor. A lessee is generally defined as the entity paying for the use of specific property from a lessor. A lessor is defined as an entity that provides the right to use an asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Lessee Disclosures

As a lessee, LUC analyzes each lease agreement to determine whether it should be classified as an operating or finance lease. In addition, LUC evaluates service contracts that involve the use of an identified asset (such as property, plant, or equipment) to determine if the contract contains a lease. As of June 30, 2022, LUC has no financing leases. For operating leases, the University recognizes in the consolidated statement of financial position a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability, initially measured at the present value of the lease payments. Payments made on the lease liability, as well as the amortization of the right-of-use asset are recognized as rent expense over the term of the lease on a straight-line basis in the consolidated statement of activities. The cash payments for operating leases are classified within the operating activities in the statement of cash flows.

LUC has a land lease for which it is the lessee. As of June 30, 2022 and 2021, LUC's right-of-use asset was \$1.3 million and \$1.4 million, respectively. The corresponding lease liability was \$1.3 million and \$1.4 million at June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Upon adoption of ASU No. 2016-02 on July 1, 2020, the future obligations of this lease were valued using LUC's estimated incremental borrowing rate of 2.0%.

The table below summarizes the undiscounted cash flows for future lease payments corresponding to the lease liability as of June 30, 2022:

(in thousands of dollars)

Fiscal Year	Payments
2023	\$ 120
2024	123
2025	127
2026	131
2027	135
Thereafter	816
Total minimum lease payments	1,452
Present value discount	(161)
Total lease liability	\$ 1,291

Lessor Disclosures

The University is the lessor for residential and commercial lease arrangements.

LUC leases residential apartments in proximity to the University's Lake Shore Campus to its students and to the local campus community. Residential leases primarily contain terms of 12 months or less. The lease payments are fixed and not variable. Any desire by a tenant to extend a lease beyond the term of the original lease results in a new lease. All rent revenue is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease, and is included under other operating revenue in the consolidated statements of activities.

LUC also leases portions of certain buildings to commercial tenants. Commercial lease terms range from 5 to 10 years, with options to extend in 5 year increments. Five year leases typically consist of a fixed base rent along with the addition of common area maintenance (CAM) charges and real estate tax reimbursements. Percentage rent leases are minimal but represent a portion of lease concessions that have been granted due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Most of these leases will revert back to base terms at the end of a predetermined timeframe.

The standard policy for commercial rent is to establish a schedule with incremental increases for each tenant based on various factors including location, tenant needs, and expected real estate tax obligations. Rent revenue is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease, inclusive of concessions such as tenant improvement allowances. Most concessions to rent payments are in the form of abatements and are generally negotiated on a per tenant basis and are not material to the overall rent schedule. In the event concessions are ongoing and change the overall terms and obligations of the lease, a lease modification is negotiated. Rent revenue is included in other operating revenue in the consolidated statements of activities.

As a lessor, LUC has certain leases that have terms different than described above. These include land leases with terms that range from 35 to 99 years. One land lease is set to expire in calendar year 2100, with a base rent that is subject to an annual adjustment in line with the consumer price index. In addition, one land lessee's rents are calculated as a percent of the lessees' revenue.

During the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, LUC recognized rental revenue (net of rent concessions) of \$11.5 million and \$11.3 million, respectively, for its residential and commercial leases.

The table below summarizes the expected future annual lease revenue for both residential and commercial leases:

(in thousands of dollars)

Fiscal Year	Expected Lease Revenue
2023	\$ 11,452
2024	11,174
2025	11,015
2026	10,781
2027	10,303
Thereafter	206,779

Expected residential lease revenue of \$5.2 million is included in the table above for each of the fiscal years 2023 to 2027. Although residential leases are 12 month leases, there is historical evidence to support that those leases are renewed or new leases are signed each year.

The net book value of the underlying building assets related to LUC's leasing activities as of June 30, 2022 and 2021 is \$39.0 million and \$42.0 million, or approximately 4.0% of the University's total land, building, and equipment. The majority of this value is for buildings that are fully occupied by residential or commercial tenants. The amount also includes that portion of the net book value of buildings leased to commercial tenants in buildings primarily used for University academic and administrative activities.

(11) Financial Assets and Liquidity Resources

LUC actively monitors liquidity required to meet its general expenditures. General expenditures include operating expenses, principal and interest payments on debt, pension and post-retirement plan payments, and internally funded capital projects. The annual cash cycle has seasonal variations primarily related to the timing of tuition billings and the receipt of gifts and pledge payments. Cash in excess of daily requirements is invested in short-term investment and money market funds to ensure adequate liquidity.

The following table reflects financial assets as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, reduced by amounts not available for general expenditures within one year. As of June 30, 2022, approximately \$424.9 million of financial assets could readily be made available within one year of that date to meet general expenditures, compared with \$491.1 million as of June 30, 2021, as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)

Financial assets at June 30:	2022	2021
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 80,937	\$ 106,198
Short-term investments	200,874	208,533
Notes and accounts receivable, net	89,409	51,642
Endowment and other long-term investments	1,004,715	1,072,247
Assets held in trust by others	2,296	2,294
Total financial assets	\$ 1,378,231	\$ 1,440,914
Less amounts not available for general expenditures within one year:		
Student loan notes – Federal government programs and other restricted loans	(9,132)	(11,284)
Contributions receivable due in more than one year or restricted by donor with time or purpose restrictions	(58,062)	(18,212)
Other receivables due in more than one year	(2,080)	(3,769)
Donor restricted endowment investments, net of appropriation for the following fiscal year	(420,341)	(443,224)
Board designated endowment investments, net of appropriation for the following fiscal year	(452,502)	(459,771)
Split-interest agreements	(8,920)	(11,216)
Assets held in trust by others	(2,296)	(2,294)
Total financial assets not available to meet general expenditures within one year	\$ (953,333)	\$ (949,770)
Total financial assets available to meet general expenditures within one year	\$ 424,898	\$ 491,144

In addition to the available financial assets noted above, LUC also had an unsecured line of credit available to meet general expenditures within one year of June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively, as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)

	2022	2021
Total available line of credit	\$ 50,000	\$ 50,000

Refer to Note 9, *Indebtedness*, and Note 21, *Subsequent Events*, for more information regarding the line of credit.

LUC has generally operated with a balanced budget and collects sufficient revenue to cover operating expenses not covered by donor-restricted resources. The consolidated statements of cash flows present the sources and uses of LUC's cash and shows net cash provided by operating activities of \$66.8 million and \$69.7 million for fiscal years 2022 and 2021, respectively. Refer to Note 17, *Contingencies*, for information regarding COVID-19 and the impact on University operations.

(12) Retirement Plans

LUC maintains a defined contribution retirement plan and a defined benefit retirement plan (LUERP).

Defined Contribution Retirement Plan

LUC's expense for the defined contribution retirement plan was \$22.7 million and \$11.7 million for fiscal years 2022 and 2021, respectively. During a portion of fiscal year 2021, in response to the uncertainty caused by the pandemic, LUC temporarily suspended its contributions to the plan. The University reinstated its contributions to the plan prospectively beginning in March 2021.

Defined Benefit Retirement Plan (LUERP)

LUERP is a frozen qualified defined benefit plan governed by ERISA. In June 2021, the LUERP executed an annuity purchase to transfer monthly retiree and beneficiary annuity payments of less than \$600 per month to an insurance company. The non-revocable annuity purchase agreement was signed June 28, 2021 and assets were transferred from the trust as of July 1, 2021. The annuity purchase transaction is recorded consistent with settlement accounting. The disclosures as of June 30, 2021 remove both the benefit obligation and plan assets related to this annuity purchase agreement.

Summary information for the defined benefit retirement plan is as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)

	2022	2021
Change in projected benefit obligation		
Projected benefit obligation, beginning of year	\$ 69,896	\$ 90,533
Interest cost	1,695	2,094
Benefits paid	(2,439)	(3,525)
Settlements related to annuity purchase agreement	-	(15,057)
Settlements	(2,166)	(1,747)
Actuarial (gain) loss	(10,733)	(2,402)
Projected benefit obligation, end of year	<u>\$ 56,253</u>	<u>\$ 69,896</u>
Change in plan assets		
Fair value of plan assets, beginning of year	\$ 54,785	\$ 65,132
Actual return on plan assets	(7,618)	7,533
Employer contributions	2,768	2,449
Settlements related to annuity purchase agreement	-	(15,057)
Settlements	(2,166)	(1,747)
Benefits paid	(2,439)	(3,525)
Fair value of plan assets, end of year	<u>\$ 45,330</u>	<u>\$ 54,785</u>
Funded status of the plan		
Pension liability included in the consolidated statements of financial position	<u>\$ (10,923)</u>	<u>\$ (15,111)</u>

The accumulated benefit obligation for the defined benefit retirement plan was \$56.3 million and \$69.9 million for fiscal years 2022 and 2021, respectively.

(in thousands of dollars)

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Change in amounts not yet recognized in net periodic pension cost and included in net assets without donor restrictions		
Beginning of year	\$ 44,352	\$ 65,047
Current year actuarial (gain) loss	(851)	(7,544)
Effect of settlement related to annuity purchase agreement	-	(9,554)
Settlements	(1,558)	(1,106)
Amortization of actuarial loss	(1,489)	(2,491)
End of year	<u>\$ 40,454</u>	<u>\$ 44,352</u>
Components of net periodic pension expense		
Service cost	\$ -	\$ -
Interest cost	1,695	2,094
Expected return on plan assets	(2,264)	(2,392)
Net amortization	1,489	2,491
Net periodic pension expense	<u>920</u>	<u>2,193</u>
Effect of settlement related to annuity purchase agreement	-	9,554
Settlement expense	1,558	1,106
Disclosed net periodic pension expense	<u>\$ 2,478</u>	<u>\$ 12,853</u>

Net actuarial loss of \$1.4 million for the plan will be amortized as non-operating activities from net assets without donor restrictions in the consolidated statements of activities during fiscal year 2023.

Estimated future benefit payments

Estimated future benefit payments are as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Payments</u>
2023	\$ 11,236
2024	5,082
2025	5,059
2026	4,901
2027	4,592
Thereafter	18,401

LUC expects to make an employer contribution of \$2.8 million to the defined benefit retirement plan in fiscal year 2023.

Actuarial Assumptions

The weighted average assumptions used in the accounting for the defined benefit retirement plan are as follows:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Discount rate - benefit obligations	4.72%	2.65%
Discount rate - pension expense	2.65%	2.50%
Rate of compensation increase	n/a	n/a
Expected long-term return on assets	4.50%	4.50%

University management develops the estimate of the expected long-term rate of return on plan assets based upon the portfolio's investment mix, expectations developed for each asset class in which the plan invests, and expected rates of return for investment strategies the portfolio employs. Return assumptions are net of expenses charged to the plan. Asset class expectations are the result of models incorporating historical performance, correlations across assets, and economic and market forecasts.

LUERP assets are held in trust by an external trustee. The trust portfolio is managed in accordance with policies established by the LUERP Retirement Allowance Committee. Investments are made for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to plan beneficiaries, with consideration given to preservation of capital and such long-term growth in the plan's assets as may fairly balance the need for reasonable return against investment risk. The investment objective is to achieve an asset growth rate through capital appreciation and current income approximately equal to or in excess of the growth in the liabilities of the plan. In pursuing this objective, the LUERP portfolio maintains allocations both to investments employed for the primary purpose of generating growth in plan assets and to investments employed to maintain a target hedge ratio against the impact of changes in interest rates on plan liabilities and to provide growth in the portfolio value over time. The portfolio's liability-hedging allocation utilizes a combination of U.S. Treasury securities and Treasury futures that is matched to the duration of expected payments to plan beneficiaries in aggregate, and is intended to increase over time as a proportion of the portfolio in tandem with improvements in the plan's funded status. LUERP investment policy provides for staged increases in the liability-hedging allocation, with concomitant reductions in the allocation to return-seeking assets, as progressively higher plan funded status levels are achieved.

The defined benefit retirement plan asset allocation at the June 30 measurement date was as follows:

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, net ⁽¹⁾	14%	(3)%
Equity securities	26%	32%
Fixed income securities	38%	46%
Diversifying strategies	12%	13%
Other, including real estate	10%	12%
Total	<u>100%</u>	<u>100%</u>

⁽¹⁾ Amounts are net of pending trade settlements and derivative offsets.

The table below summarizes LUC's fair value measurements of the LUERP investment portfolio by the fair value hierarchy level and NAV as a practical expedient as of June 30, 2022. Fair values in certain categories include the value of notional exposure to related index futures.

(in thousands of dollars)

<u>2022</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>NAV</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, net ⁽¹⁾	\$ 6,198	\$ 6,198	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
U.S. marketable equity securities	3,366	3,366			
Non-U.S. marketable equity securities	69	69			
Non-U.S. marketable equity mutual funds	8,348	8,348			
Other equity securities	18			18	
Fixed income commingled funds	2,224				2,224
Multi-strategy commingled funds	5,660				5,660
Private equity investments	38				38
Real assets commingled funds	4,469				4,469
Private real assets investments	5				5
Liability-hedge U.S. Treasury debt obligations	38,936	27,441	11,495		
Futures offset for liability hedge positions	(27,441)	(27,441)			
Liability-hedge cash and cash equivalents	3,440	3,440			
Total	\$ 45,330	\$ 21,421	\$ 11,495	\$ 18	\$ 12,396

⁽¹⁾ Amounts are net of pending trade settlements and derivative offsets.

The table below summarizes the changes in fair value of the LUERP Level 3 investments for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021:

(in thousands of dollars)

	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Beginning of year	\$ 17	\$ 48
Realized gain (loss)	(20)	220
Unrealized gain	21	-
Sales	-	(251)
End of year	<u>\$ 18</u>	<u>\$ 17</u>

The table below summarizes LUC's fair value measurements of the LUERP investment portfolio by the fair value hierarchy level and NAV as a practical expedient as of June 30, 2021. Fair values in certain categories include the value of notional exposure to related index futures.

(in thousands of dollars)

<u>2021</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>NAV</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, net ⁽¹⁾	\$ (1,702)	\$ (1,702)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
U.S. marketable equity securities	1,546	1,546			
U.S. marketable equity mutual funds	2,901	2,901			
U.S. marketable equity commingled funds	4,132				4,132
Non-U.S. marketable equity securities	519	519			
Non-U.S. marketable equity mutual funds	4,232	4,232			
Non-U.S. marketable equity commingled funds	4,044				4,044
Other equity securities	17			17	
Fixed income mutual funds	1,486	1,486			
Fixed income commingled funds	5,496				5,496
U.S. Treasury and government agency debt obligations	18,187	6,703	11,484		
Multi-strategy commingled funds	6,995				6,995
Private equity investments	44				44
Real assets commingled funds	6,883				6,883
Private real assets investments	5				5
Total	<u>\$ 54,785</u>	<u>\$ 15,685</u>	<u>\$ 11,484</u>	<u>\$ 17</u>	<u>\$ 27,599</u>

⁽¹⁾ Amounts are net of pending trade settlements and derivative offsets.

There were no significant transfers between fair value hierarchy levels for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021.

(13) Other Postretirement Benefits

LUC has a defined benefit retiree health plan covering eligible employees upon their retirement. As of January 1, 2019, the plan was frozen to new participants. Also as of that date, participants with Retiree Health Reimbursement Account (RHRA) balances no longer receive allocations or annual interest credits towards the RHRA. Certain eligible retirees receive \$1,500 annually to be used by the retiree or spouse towards qualified medical expenses and for purchasing supplemental Medicare coverage.

Summary information for the defined benefit retiree health plan is as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)

	2022	2021
Change in benefit obligation		
Benefit obligation, beginning of year	\$ 35,345	\$ 38,397
Service cost	-	-
Interest cost	636	675
Participant contributions	9	24
Benefits paid	(3,177)	(3,239)
Actuarial (gain) loss	(3,342)	(512)
Benefit obligation, end of year	<u>\$ 29,471</u>	<u>\$ 35,345</u>
Change in plan assets		
Fair value of plan assets, beginning of year	\$ -	\$ -
Employer contributions	3,168	3,215
Participant contributions	9	24
Benefits paid	(3,177)	(3,239)
Fair value of plan assets, end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Funded status of the plan		
Other post retirement liability included in the consolidated statements of financial position	<u>\$ (29,471)</u>	<u>\$ (35,345)</u>
Change in amounts not yet recognized in net periodic benefit cost and included in net assets without donor restrictions		
Beginning of year	\$ (3,253)	\$ (3,188)
Net prior service credit amortization	447	447
Current year actuarial (gain) loss	(3,342)	(512)
End of year	<u>\$ (6,148)</u>	<u>\$ (3,253)</u>
Components of net periodic postretirement benefit cost		
Service cost	\$ -	\$ -
Interest cost	636	675
Net prior service credit amortization	(447)	(447)
Net periodic postretirement benefit cost	<u>\$ 189</u>	<u>\$ 228</u>
Discount Rate	4.52%	1.92%

The discount rate used to calculate the benefit obligation for the year ended June 30, 2022 and the benefit cost for fiscal year 2023 is 4.52%. The discount rate used to calculate the benefit cost for fiscal year 2021 was 1.92%. The increase in the discount rate was the primary reason for the \$3.3 million actuarial gain, reducing the benefit obligation as of June 30, 2022.

Health care cost trend rate assumptions for the plan

As a result of plan amendments announced in previous years, health care cost trend rate assumptions are no longer applicable.

Estimated future benefit payments

Estimated future benefit payments for the years ended June 30 are as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Payments</u>
2023	\$ 4,658
2024	4,778
2025	4,626
2026	4,293
2027	3,793
Thereafter	10,832

(14) Functional Classification of Expenses

The University's primary program services are academic, instruction, and research. Student services, auxiliary and institutional support expenses are incurred in support of primary activities. The University allocates the operation and maintenance of University facilities, interest, and depreciation and amortization expenses attributable to more than one functional expense category using various cost allocation methodologies such as square footage, direct usage, and employee headcount.

Expenses by functional classification for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)	Academic, Instruction & Research	Student Services & Auxiliary	Institutional Support	Total
<u>2022</u>				
Operating expenses:				
Salaries, wages and fringe benefits	\$ 255,685	\$ 41,439	\$ 62,741	\$ 359,865
Non-salary operating expenses	55,230	61,845	31,994	149,069
Depreciation and amortization	31,234	17,915	9,167	58,316
Insurance and utilities	5,168	4,431	6,630	16,229
Interest	2,611	7,718	2,017	12,346
Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund Student aid ⁽¹⁾	-	19,825	-	19,825
Total	<u>\$ 349,928</u>	<u>\$ 153,173</u>	<u>\$ 112,549</u>	<u>\$ 615,650</u>
<u>2021</u>				
Salaries, wages and fringe benefits	\$ 239,742	\$ 36,811	\$ 47,651	\$ 324,204
Non-salary operating expenses	47,154	32,304	29,533	108,991
Depreciation and amortization	32,619	16,985	9,355	58,959
Insurance and utilities	4,573	3,113	6,616	14,302
Interest	3,259	7,915	2,033	13,207
Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund Student aid ⁽¹⁾	-	13,098	-	13,098
Total	<u>\$ 327,347</u>	<u>\$ 110,226</u>	<u>\$ 95,188</u>	<u>\$ 532,761</u>

⁽¹⁾ See Note 16, *Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund*, for further information.

Fundraising expenses of \$14.9 million and \$11.1 million are included primarily in institutional support for fiscal years ending June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

LUC receives revenue from grants and contracts for sponsored projects. Federal and local government agencies and private entities support research, training, academic programming, and other sponsored programs. Expenditures for these sponsored programs, totaling \$37.8 million during fiscal year 2022 and \$37.0 million during fiscal year 2021 are included in the tables above primarily under academic, instruction, and research.

LUC is generally not subject to federal and state income taxes. However, LUC is subject to tax on unrelated business income, as defined by the Internal Revenue Code. The University's estimated tax liability for unrelated business income was less than \$0.1 million as of June 30, 2022 and 2021. The estimated income tax liability arises from various auxiliary services such as conference services, fitness center public memberships, athletic sponsorships with advertising, and certain service agreements.

(15) Net Assets

Net assets as of June 30, 2022 were as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total Net Assets
Perpetual:			
Endowment	\$ -	\$ 226,678	\$ 226,678
Underwater endowments	-	(857)	(857)
Endowment – board designated	464,792	-	464,792
Other, primarily academic or program support and student financial aid	-	55,327	55,327
Subtotal	464,792	281,148	745,940
Time or purpose:			
Endowment returns subject to future appropriation	-	207,333	207,333
Academic or program support and student financial aid	-	53,489	53,489
Research	-	7,931	7,931
Student loans	-	3,572	3,572
Construction	-	2,494	2,494
Subtotal	-	274,819	274,819
Annuity	-	2,363	2,363
Life income funds	-	252	252
Term endowments	-	2,124	2,124
Board designated	41,238	-	41,238
Subtotal	41,238	279,558	320,796
Undesignated	915,304	-	915,304
Total net assets	\$ 1,421,334	\$ 560,706	\$ 1,982,040

Net assets as of June 30, 2021 were as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)	Without Donor Restrictions	With Donor Restrictions	Total Net Assets
Perpetual:			
Endowment	\$ -	\$ 205,664	\$ 205,664
Underwater endowments	-	(35)	(35)
Endowment – board designated	471,331	-	471,331
Other, primarily academic or program support and student financial aid	-	21,368	21,368
Subtotal	471,331	226,997	698,328
Time or purpose:			
Endowment returns subject to future appropriation	-	249,334	249,334
Academic or program support and student financial aid	-	44,629	44,629
Research	-	7,821	7,821
Student loans	-	3,607	3,607
Construction	-	2,837	2,837
Subtotal	-	308,228	308,228
Annuity	-	4,188	4,188
Life income funds	-	306	306
Term endowments	-	2,408	2,408
Board designated	39,268	-	39,268
Subtotal	39,268	315,130	354,398
Undesignated	940,461	-	940,461
Total net assets	\$ 1,451,060	\$ 542,127	\$ 1,993,187

The University's Board of Trustees periodically designates net assets for the benefit of specific schools and academic or research activities. In fiscal year 2022, the University's Board of Trustees designated \$8.7 million of net assets for various schools and academic programs. In fiscal year 2021, the University's Board of Trustees designated approximately \$6.7 million of net assets for various schools and academic programs. Approximately \$6.7 million and \$6.0 million of these net assets were utilized during fiscal years 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Net Assets with donor restrictions include contributions receivable of \$59.1 million and \$19.2 million as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. See Note 7, *Notes and Accounts Receivable, net* for further information on contributions receivable.

(16) Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund

In response to the COVID-19 national emergency, the federal government established and funded a Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF). The HEERF allocations provided funding for both students (Student Share) as well as for the higher education institution (institutional Share).

In March 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) created HEERF I.

- HEERF I Student Share grants are to provide emergency financial aid grants to students for expenses related to the disruption of campus operations due to the COVID-19 crisis
- HEERF I Institutional Share is intended to cover costs incurred by the University including costs associated with significant changes to the delivery of instruction due to the coronavirus.

In December 2020, HEERF II was authorized by the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act (“CRRSAA”).

- HEERF II Student Share may be used for any component of the student’s cost of attendance or for emergency costs that arise due to coronavirus, such as tuition, food, housing, health care (including mental health care), or child care. The CRRSAA requires that institutions prioritize students with exceptional need.
- HEERF II Institutional Share allowable uses include:
 - a) Defraying expenses associated with coronavirus (including lost revenue, reimbursement for expenses already incurred, technology costs associated with a transition to distance education, faculty and staff trainings, and payroll);
 - b) Carrying out student support activities authorized by the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended, that address needs related to coronavirus; and
 - c) Making additional emergency financial aid grants to students.

In March 2021, the American Rescue Plan (“ARP”) provided funding for HEERF III.

- Under ARP, any student enrolled at an institution of higher education on or after March 13, 2020 (the date of declaration of the national emergency due to the coronavirus) is eligible for emergency financial aid grants from the HEERF III, regardless of whether they completed a Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) or are eligible for Title IV. The ARP requires that institutions prioritize students with exceptional need and the Department of Education encouraged institutions to prioritize domestic students, especially undergraduates, in allocating this funding. Domestic students include citizens, permanent residents, refugees, asylum seekers, DACA recipients, other DREAMers, and similar undocumented students. The allowable uses for HEERF III Student Share were the same as under HEERF II.
- For the HEERF III Institutional Share, a portion of the funds must be used towards:
 - a) Implementing evidence-based practices to monitor and suppress coronavirus in accordance with public health guidelines; and
 - b) Conducting direct outreach to financial aid applicants about the opportunity to receive a financial aid adjustment due to the recent unemployment of a family member or independent student, or other circumstances.

Other than these two new requirements, allowable uses for the HEERF III Institutional Share are similar to the allowable uses under HEERF II.

Following is a summary of the HEERF-related funding recorded by the University during fiscal year 2022:

(in thousands of dollars)	Emergency Grants to Students	Institutional Share
Funding Source:		
HEERF III	\$ 13,857	\$ 13,786
Emergency grants to students funded from the University's HEERF III Institutional Share	5,968	(5,968)
Total HEERF Grant Fund Utilization	\$ 19,825	\$ 7,818

The fiscal year 2022 consolidated statements of activities and changes in net assets includes \$19.8 million of grant revenue and a corresponding operating expense related to the emergency grants disbursed to students. The amount distributed to students includes approximately \$6.0 million which the University allocated from its \$13.8 million Institutional Share.

Of the remaining Institutional Share of \$7.8 million, \$1.6 million is classified as operating revenue and \$6.2 million is classified as non-operating income. Amounts classified as operating revenue were designated to partially offset certain allowable operating expenses incurred during fiscal year 2022. Amounts classified as non-operating income include \$3.2 million to partially offset fiscal year 2022 lost revenue and \$3.0 million for allowable expenses, including lost revenue, related to fiscal year 2021.

Following is a summary of the HEERF-related funding recorded by the University during fiscal year 2021:

(in thousands of dollars)	Emergency Grants to Students	Institutional Share
Funding Source:		
HEERF I	\$ 5,022	\$ 5,022
HEERF II	5,022	10,513
Emergency grants to students funded from the University's HEERF II Institutional Share	3,054	(3,054)
Total HEERF Grant Fund Utilization	\$ 13,098	\$ 12,481

The fiscal year 2021 consolidated statements of activities and changes in net assets includes \$13.1 million of grant revenue and a corresponding operating expense related to the emergency grants disbursed to students during the year. The \$12.5 million of Institutional Share funding is recorded in the fiscal year 2021 consolidated statements of activities as non-operating income. These funds were designated to partially offset room and board credits issued by the University during the spring 2020 academic term (fiscal year 2020).

(17) Contingencies

Various lawsuits, claims, and other contingent liabilities occasionally arise in the ordinary course of LUC's education and research activities. In the opinion of management, all such matters have been adequately provided for, are without merit, or are of such kind that if disposed of unfavorably, would not have a material effect on LUC's financial position or results of operations.

COVID-19

The coronavirus pandemic is an ongoing global pandemic. In March 2020, a national emergency concerning COVID-19 was declared in the United States and in February 2022, the national emergency was extended beyond March 1, 2022. While the University ensured academic continuity (teaching, research, and learning), during the fall 2020 semester (fiscal year 2021), the residence halls, dining facilities, and other on-campus activities remained essentially closed. With the availability of surveillance testing, COVID-19 vaccines, and other health protocols, the University took important steps toward reopening certain campuses beginning with the spring 2021 semester. At that time, Loyola welcomed back a limited number of residential students and increased the number of in-person classes. The University returned to its campuses fully in fall 2021 with in-person classes and residence hall occupancy. The University continues to prioritize health and safety, academic continuity, and student recruitment and retention.

As the COVID-19 pandemic is complex and rapidly evolving, the University cannot reasonably estimate the duration and severity of this pandemic, which could have an adverse impact on the University's results of operations, financial position and cash flows. The University is taking prudent financial measures to mitigate the impact of COVID-19 in order to realize assets and satisfy liabilities in the normal course of business.

(18) Relationship with Trinity Health

On June 30, 2011, LUC completed a transaction with Trinity Health, an Indiana not-for-profit corporation located in Livonia, Michigan, pursuant to a Definitive Agreement dated March 31, 2011 (the Definitive Agreement). As part of the transaction, Trinity Health replaced LUC as the sole member of Loyola University Health System (LUHS) and all of its affiliates including Loyola University Medical Center (LUMC), Gottlieb Health Resources (GHR), Gottlieb Memorial Hospital (GMH), and Loyola University of Chicago Insurance Company Ltd (LUCIC). Trinity Health assumed control of all the assets of LUHS and retained all of the liabilities of LUHS.

The education and research components of LUC's health sciences, including the Medical School and the Nursing School, remain with LUC following the Trinity Health transaction. LUC, LUHS, and LUMC entered into an Academic Affiliation Agreement (Affiliation Agreement), which includes negotiated terms and conditions and provides for an annual academic support payment to LUC from LUHS and LUMC. Trinity Health guarantees the academic support payment. The annual academic support payment amount was set at \$22.5 million in fiscal year 2012 (subject to an inflation adjustment) during the initial term of the Affiliation Agreement. The Affiliation Agreement had an initial term of ten years, however, beginning in the fifth year (fiscal year 2016), subject to certain limitations set forth in the Affiliation Agreement, the term is automatically extended for additional one-year periods. Refer to Note 6, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Revenue Recognition)*, for additional information regarding the academic support payment.

(19) Tenured Faculty Voluntary Transition Incentive Program

In August 2019, the University announced a one-time voluntary transition incentive program for eligible tenured faculty. Under the terms of the program, eligible tenured faculty who chose to voluntarily terminate their employment with the university would receive a cash incentive payment of two times their academic base salary as of December 31, 2019. 81 tenured faculty chose to participate in the program. All payments under this plan were completed during fiscal year 2021 and are presented on the consolidated statement of cash flows as a \$22.3 million reduction of cash provided by operating activities.

(20) Information Used in the Determining Department of Education's Financial Responsibility Composite Score

Section 498(c) of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended, requires for-profit and non-profit institutions to annually submit audited financial statements to the Department of Education (ED) to demonstrate they are maintaining the standards of financial responsibility necessary to participate in the Title IV programs. One of many standards which ED utilizes to gauge the financial responsibility of an institution is a composite of three ratios derived from an institution's audited financial statements.

The financial information below provides the correspondence between certain values presented in LUC's consolidated financial statements and the values as they are included in the determination of the ratios used by ED to gauge the University's financial responsibility at June 30, 2022 and 2021.

(in thousands of dollars)

Land, buildings and equipment, net	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Net book value of assets existing as of June 30, 2019 (Pre-implementation):		
Land and land improvements	\$ 171,205	\$ 176,358
Buildings	667,867	711,095
Equipment	25,130	31,854
Library books and art	19,404	19,404
Total	<u>\$ 883,606</u>	<u>\$ 938,711</u>
 Net book value of assets in service after June 30, 2019 (Post-implementation):		
Land and land improvements	\$ 2,566	\$ 2,415
Buildings	104,398	99,009
Equipment	14,558	12,228
Library books and art	66	46
Total	<u>\$ 121,588</u>	<u>\$ 113,698</u>
 Construction in progress	 \$ 14,755	 \$ 5,195
 Land, buildings and equipment, net	 <u>\$ 1,019,949</u>	 <u>\$ 1,057,604</u>

Indebtedness	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Pre-implementation, for long term purposes	\$ 281,073	\$ 356,796
Post-implementation, for long term purposes	-	-
Post-implementation for construction in progress	-	-
Not for the purchase of land, building and equipment	-	-
Amount in excess of net book value of designated land, building, and equipment	-	-
Indebtedness	<u>\$ 281,073</u>	<u>\$ 356,796</u>
Non-Operating Activities Without Donor Restriction - Other	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
For purposes of the financial responsibility ratios, amounts considered Other Revenue	\$ 2,074	\$ 5,114
For purposes of the financial responsibility ratios, amounts considered Other Expenses	(9,257)	(191)
Non-Operating Activities Without Donor Restriction - Other	<u>\$ (7,183)</u>	<u>\$ 4,923</u>
Right of Use Asset and Liability Designation	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Right of Use Asset - Post-implementation	\$ 1,261	\$ 1,363
Lease liability – operating – Post-implementation	\$ 1,291	\$ 1,384

(21) Subsequent Events

LUC has evaluated subsequent events through September 22, 2022, the date the consolidated financial statements were issued.

Term Loan Agreement

On July 7, 2022, the University executed a term note under the Term Loan Agreement (the "Term Loan Agreement") entered into as of September 17, 2021 with Wintrust. The University borrowed approximately \$73.9 million at a fixed rate of 2.16% per annum. Funds drawn under the Term Loan Agreement were used to refinance all of LUC's IFA Series 2012B tax-exempt bonds outstanding as of July 7, 2022. As a result of this transaction, the University's scheduled maturities for the next five fiscal years will change as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)

Fiscal Year	Scheduled Maturities of Indebtedness as of June 30, 2022	Change due to July 7, 2022 Refinance	Scheduled Maturities after July 7, 2022 Refinance
2023	\$ 11,153	\$ -	\$ 11,153
2024	17,181	2,130	19,311
2025	13,864	2,130	15,994
2026	21,262	2,100	23,362
2027	13,251	1,590	14,841
Thereafter	201,256	(7,950)	193,306
	<u>\$ 277,967</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 277,967</u>

Credit Facility

The University's \$50 million line of credit with PNC Bank, National Association expired on August 17, 2022.

See Note 9, *Indebtedness*, for additional information about the University's indebtedness.

PART II

**REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT
OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
*GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS***

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees of
Loyola University of Chicago
Chicago, Illinois

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the consolidated financial statements of Loyola University Chicago (LUC), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 22, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the consolidated financial statements, we considered LUC's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the consolidated financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of LUC's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of LUC's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's consolidated financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

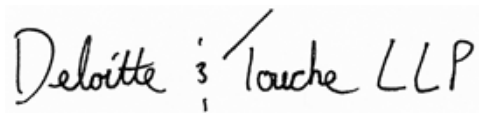
Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether LUC's consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance

with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Deloitte Touche LLP". The signature is written in a cursive style with a vertical line separating "Deloitte" and "Touche".

September 22, 2022

PART III

**REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM;
REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AS
REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE FOR FEDERAL AWARDS**



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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Loyola University of Chicago's (LUC) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of LUC's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. LUC's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, LUC complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of LUC and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of LUC's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to LUC's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on LUC's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about LUC's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole. In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding LUC's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of LUC's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of LUC's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

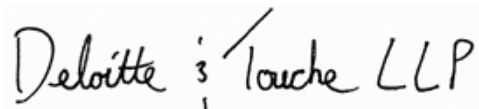
Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

The image shows a handwritten signature in black ink on a light-colored background. The signature reads "Deloitte | Touche LLP". The word "Deloitte" is written in a cursive style, followed by a vertical bar, then "Touche" in a similar cursive style, and finally "LLP" in a more upright, blocky cursive style.

December 22, 2022

PART IV

**SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF
FEDERAL AWARDS**

**NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF
EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS**

LOYOLA UNIVERSITY CHICAGO
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

ALN #	Program	Award Number	Amounts Disbursed to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
HIGHER EDUCATION EMERGENCY RELIEF FUND (HEERF)				
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
84.425E	Education Stabilization Fund	P425E202333-20B	\$ -	\$ 13,857,311
84.425F	Education Stabilization Fund	P425F201958-20B2	-	10,800,000
	Subgrants:		-	-
84.425	University of Illinois	S42SD20004	-	252,728
84.425	Ann & Robert H. Lurie Children's Hospital of Chicago	n/a	-	<u>13,117</u>
	Total U.S. Department of Education		-	<u>24,923,156</u>
	Total Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF) Cluster		-	<u>24,923,156</u>
RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT				
NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION				
43.001	Science	NNX14AT30G	-	<u>57,154</u>
	Total National Aeronautics and Space Administration		-	<u>57,154</u>
NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION				
47.041	Engineering	CBET-2144472	-	9,910
47.041	Engineering	CMMI 2000554	-	258,074
47.041	Engineering	IIP-2016450	21,686	102,597
47.041	Engineering	IIP-2040983	-	12,567
47.049	Mathematical and Physical Sciences	CHE-1665433	-	(2,374)
47.049	Mathematical and Physical Sciences	CHE-1708927	-	21,058
47.049	Mathematical and Physical Sciences	CHE-1800291	16,341	89,268
47.049	Mathematical and Physical Sciences	CHE-1904480	-	89,594
47.049	Mathematical and Physical Sciences	CHE-1956202	-	94,057
47.049	Mathematical and Physical Sciences	DMS-2015374	-	23,916
47.049	Mathematical and Physical Sciences	PHY-2013052	-	22,848
47.050	Geosciences	AGS-2112709	-	142,426
47.050	Geosciences	EAR-2113338	-	101,187
47.050	Geosciences	ICER-2119465	-	75,205
47.070	Computer and Information Science and Engineering	OAC-2107020	-	56,357
47.070	Computer and Information Science and Engineering	CNS-1738691	-	22,663
47.074	Biological Sciences	DBI-1661357	-	26,377
47.074	Biological Sciences	DEB-1552825	-	53,338
47.074	Biological Sciences	DEB-2028775	8,328	104,660
47.074	Biological Sciences	DEB-2035573	-	102,013
47.074	Biological Sciences	IOS-1942167	-	125,489
47.074	Biological Sciences	IOS-1942250	-	104,219
47.074	Biological Sciences	IOS-2207372	-	2,288
47.074	Biological Sciences	MCB-1616851	-	70,058
47.074	Biological Sciences	MCB-1716431	-	85,281
47.074	Biological Sciences	MCB-1942776	-	127,233
47.075	Social, Behavioral, and Economic Sciences	BCS-1823392	-	2,571
47.075	Social, Behavioral, and Economic Sciences	SES-2017727	-	18,019
47.076	STEM Education	HRD-2121654	-	200,795
47.076	STEM Education	DGE 1842190 / 2041784	-	44,127
47.076	STEM Education	DGE-1919004	-	49,006
47.076	STEM Education	DRL-1516541	-	(436)
47.076	STEM Education	DRL-1906940	9,427	157,376
47.076	STEM Education	DRL-2055345	-	162,820
47.076	STEM Education	DRL-2115610	-	726
47.076	STEM Education	DUE-1660794	-	236,892
47.076	STEM Education	DUE-2151086	-	29,574
	Subgrants:		-	-
47.041	Kepler Diagnostics, Inc.	2051967	-	83,447
47.041	University of Maryland	EEC-1849430	-	39,575
47.049	University of Texas at Austin	CHE-1904514	-	92,985
47.050	University of Utah	AGS-1844306	-	57,166

ALN #	Program	Award Number	Amounts	
			Disbursed to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
47.075	University of Wisconsin	1853094 - SES	-	21,422
47.075	Smith College	SES-2217177	-	53,778
47.076	University of Chicago	DRL-1561405	-	(5)
47.076	University of Florida	DRL-1932920	-	-
47.076	Association of Public and Land-Grant Universities	DUE-1624610	-	8,423
47.076	Iowa State University	HRD-1834521	-	26,409
47.076	Chicago State University	HRD-1911341	-	62,288
Total National Science Foundation			<u>55,782</u>	<u>3,267,267</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
10.001	Agricultural Research Basic and Applied Research	58-5030-9-042	-	16,627
10.707	Research Joint Venture and Cost Reimbursable Agreements	19-CR-11261953-044	-	21,286
Subgrants:				
10.331	Public Health Institute of Metropolitan Chicago	n/a	-	28,570
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			<u>-</u>	<u>66,483</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE				
Subgrants:				
11.417	Purdue University	NA18OAR4170082	-	40,141
11.417	Regents of the University of Minnesota	NA19OAR4170388	-	62,228
Total U.S. Department of Commerce			<u>-</u>	<u>102,369</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE				
12.351	Scientific Research - Combating Weapons of Mass Destruction	HDTRA1-17-1-0050	241,581	288,284
12.420	Military Medical Research and Development	W81XWH-19-1-0108	11,809	210,047
12.420	Military Medical Research and Development	W81XWH-21-1-0132	-	148,753
12.902	Information Security Grants	H98230-21-1-0186	-	29,083
12.905	CyberSecurity Core Curriculum	H98230-21-1-0325	-	41,276
Subgrants:				
12.420	University of Florida	W81XWH-17-2-0030	-	1,172
12.420	University of Maryland, Baltimore	W81XWH-20-1-0432	-	33,641
12.630	National Science Teaching Association	W911SR-15-2-0001	-	(1,568)
12.420	Savannah State University	W81XWH-17-1-0550	-	26,840
12.800	Savannah State University	FA9550-17-1-0423	-	21,966
Total U.S. Department of Defense			<u>253,390</u>	<u>799,494</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES				
93.093	Health Profession Opportunity Grants	90HG1003-04	-	68,296
93.178	Nursing Workforce Diversity	D19HP42036	-	471,409
93.243	Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Projects of Regional and National Significance	1H79FG000039-01	-	53,348
93.247	Advanced Nursing Education Workforce Grant Program	T94 HP30896	20,141	740,821
93.354	Public Health Emergency Response: Cooperative Agreement for Emergency Response: Public Health Crisis Re	NU90TP922159	-	29,928
93.359	Nurse Education, Practice Quality and Retention Grants	T1PHP39095	-	-
93.359	Nurse Education, Practice Quality and Retention Grants	U4E42424	-	219,767
93.359	Nurse Education, Practice Quality and Retention Grants	UD7 HP29868	-	90,995
93.359	Nurse Education, Practice Quality and Retention Grants	UK1 HP31718	-	676,124
93.732	Mental and Behavioral Health Education and Training Grants	1 M01HP41978-01-00	-	368,368
93.732	Mental and Behavioral Health Education and Training Grants	T98 HP33467	-	388,080
93.910	Family and Community Violence Prevention Program	YEPMP170101	31,334	367,115
Subgrants:				
93.084	University of Wisconsin	U01 CK000505	-	37,585
93.135	University of Colorado	U48 DP006399	-	24,605
93.137	Medical College of Wisconsin	CPIMP201215	-	15,833
93.231	Albuquerque Area Indian Health Board, Inc.	U1B1IHS0013	-	64,305
93.226	University of Illinois	R01 HS025374	-	2,042
93.945	Northwestern University	U18 DP006120	-	(2,618)
93.994	Illinois Department of Public Health	NU90TP922159	-	57,366
93.994	Illinois Department of Public Health	B04MC9341	-	18,164
93.RD	Duke University	HHSO1002014000021 / 745A	-	9,764
93.RD	Syneos Health, LLC	HHSO100201700014C	-	14,025
93.RD	Illinois Department of Children and Family Services	1414799011	-	(1,727)
93.RD	Department of Children and Family Services	1414799012	-	40,086
National Institutes of Health				
93.172	Human Genome Research	R15 HG009569	-	91,178
93.173	Research Related to Deafness and Communication Disorders	R15 DC016407	-	102,715
93.173	Research Related to Deafness and Communication Disorders	R15 DC017866	-	113,857

ALN #	Program	Award Number	Amounts Disbursed to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
93.233	National Center on Sleep Disorders Research	R01 HL148271	287,245	508,974
93.242	Mental Health Research Grants	K01 MH112983	-	194
93.242	Mental Health Research Grants	R15 MH128722	-	34,400
93.273	Alcohol Research Programs	R21 AA025551	-	2,211
93.273	Alcohol Research Programs	R21 AA025806	-	105,523
93.273	Alcohol Research Programs	R21 AA028304	-	191,619
93.273	Alcohol Research Programs	T32 AA013527-19	-	12,067
93.273	Alcohol Research Programs	T32 AA013527-20	-	253,618
93.279	Drug Abuse and Addiction Research Programs	R61 DA049382	-	145,604
93.361	Nursing Research	K01 NR018907	-	107,172
93.361	Nursing Research	K23 NR019101	-	156,487
93.361	Nursing Research	K23 NR019847	-	58,603
93.361	Nursing Research	R01 NR016235	11,680	213,711
93.393	Cancer Cause and Prevention Research	R01 CA234266	-	372,203
93.393	Cancer Cause and Prevention Research	R01 CA250514	-	5,641
93.394	Cancer Detection and Diagnosis Research	R01 CA207483	12,183	14,812
93.394	Cancer Detection and Diagnosis Research	R01 CA207483	-	51,727
93.395	Cancer Treatment Research	R01 CA223194	-	339,457
93.396	Cancer Biology Research	R01 CA197128	-	433,620
93.398	Cancer Research Manpower	F31 CA243228	-	3,184
93.837	Cardiovascular Diseases Research	K08 HL145136	-	136,706
93.837	Cardiovascular Diseases Research	R00 HL141698	-	351,465
93.837	Cardiovascular Diseases Research	R01 HL092321	98,154	381,794
93.837	Cardiovascular Diseases Research	R01 HL133577	-	102,088
93.837	Cardiovascular Diseases Research	R01 HL136737	-	130,520
93.837	Cardiovascular Diseases Research	R01 HL136737	-	250,996
93.837	Cardiovascular Diseases Research	R01 HL143816	136,691	383,259
93.837	Cardiovascular Diseases Research	R01 HL151990	-	410,528
93.837	Cardiovascular Diseases Research	R01 HL158649	-	7,514
93.837	Cardiovascular Diseases Research	T35 HL120835	-	11,736
93.838	Lung Diseases Research	F31 HL156459	-	21,810
93.839	Blood Diseases and Resources Research	R01 HL133560	-	12,687
93.846	Arthritis, Musculoskeletal and Skin Diseases Research	R21 AR073988	-	48,300
93.847	Diabetes, Digestive, and Kidney Diseases Extramural Research	F30 DK123929	-	29,214
93.847	Diabetes, Digestive, and Kidney Diseases Extramural Research	F31 DK126441	-	26,256
93.847	Diabetes, Digestive, and Kidney Diseases Extramural Research	n/a	-	17
93.847	Diabetes, Digestive, and Kidney Diseases Extramural Research	R00 DK101585	-	1,735
93.847	Diabetes, Digestive, and Kidney Diseases Extramural Research	R01 DK104718	76,070	75,135
93.847	Diabetes, Digestive, and Kidney Diseases Extramural Research	R01 DK111848	263,625	421,184
93.847	Diabetes, Digestive, and Kidney Diseases Extramural Research	R01 DK117404	-	362,516
93.847	Diabetes, Digestive, and Kidney Diseases Extramural Research	R25 DK122954	-	59,834
93.847	Diabetes, Digestive, and Kidney Diseases Extramural Research	R56 DK097760	-	(80)
93.847	Diabetes, Digestive, and Kidney Diseases Extramural Research	U01 DK106898	(9,789)	(9,789)
93.847	Diabetes, Digestive, and Kidney Diseases Extramural Research	U01 DK106898	347,945	543,835
93.853	Extramural Research Programs in the Neurosciences and Neurological Disorders	R01 NS112171	27,959	430,880
93.853	Extramural Research Programs in the Neurosciences and Neurological Disorders	R03 NS111156	-	4,431
93.855	Allergy and Infectious Diseases Research	R01 AI078881	56,784	312,933
93.855	Allergy and Infectious Diseases Research	R01 AI085089	-	237,674
93.855	Allergy and Infectious Diseases Research	R01 AI120956	-	1,382
93.855	Allergy and Infectious Diseases Research	R01 AI120994	-	425,451
93.855	Allergy and Infectious Diseases Research	R01 AI135060	97,898	425,518
93.855	Allergy and Infectious Diseases Research	R01 AI140132	-	368,406
93.855	Allergy and Infectious Diseases Research	R01 AI144112	38,777	413,545
93.855	Allergy and Infectious Diseases Research	R01 AI146917	254,564	611,214
93.855	Allergy and Infectious Diseases Research	R01 AI153059	-	461,891
93.855	Allergy and Infectious Diseases Research	R01 AI158666	149,628	274,784
93.855	Allergy and Infectious Diseases Research	R01 AI159945	129,478	342,398
93.855	Allergy and Infectious Diseases Research	R01 AI162694	45,714	666,204
93.855	Allergy and Infectious Diseases Research	R01 AI163119	-	392,502
93.855	Allergy and Infectious Diseases Research	R03 AI156507	-	59,830
93.855	Allergy and Infectious Diseases Research	R21 AI130521	-	48,660
93.855	Allergy and Infectious Diseases Research	R21 AI135849	-	22,811
93.855	Allergy and Infectious Diseases Research	R21 AI140210	-	97,748
93.855	Allergy and Infectious Diseases Research	R21 AI140254	10,236	68,505
93.855	Allergy and Infectious Diseases Research	R21 AI142515	-	94,657
93.855	Allergy and Infectious Diseases Research	R21 AI142528	-	2,090
93.855	Allergy and Infectious Diseases Research	R21 AI159456	-	202,272
93.855	Allergy and Infectious Diseases Research	R56 AI151138	10,455	126,080
93.855	Allergy and Infectious Diseases Research	T32 AI007508	-	150,634
93.855	Allergy and Infectious Diseases Research	T35 AI125220	-	7,534
93.859	Biomedical Research and Research Training	R01 GM111295	-	356,500

ALN #	Program	Award Number	Amounts Disbursed to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
93.859	Biomedical Research and Research Training	R01 GM121600	248,661	343,589
93.859	Biomedical Research and Research Training	R01 GM123538	-	829
93.859	Biomedical Research and Research Training	R01 GM128242	-	253,330
93.859	Biomedical Research and Research Training	R01 GM141230	11,419	79,304
93.859	Biomedical Research and Research Training	R15 GM128126	-	189,879
93.859	Biomedical Research and Research Training	R15 GM128170	-	87,544
93.859	Biomedical Research and Research Training	R35 GM124977	9,776	175,137
93.859	Biomedical Research and Research Training	R35 GM130355	-	425,535
93.859	Biomedical Research and Research Training	R35 GM1318199	-	370,439
93.859	Biomedical Research and Research Training	R35 GM138183	-	337,728
93.859	Biomedical Research and Research Training	T32 GM008750	-	79,361
93.865	Child Health and Human Development Extramural Research	R15 HD097589	-	108,641
93.865	Child Health and Human Development Extramural Research	R21 HD102900	-	132,286
93.866	Aging Research	R01 AG033605	-	341,334
93.989	International Research and Research Training	D43 TW011506	34,380	210,963
	Subgrants:			
93.117	National Institutes of Health	HHSN-268-2018-000031	-	8,859
93.121	University of California San Francisco	R01 DE019638	-	59,501
93.172	University of Maryland, Baltimore	U01 HG011717	-	81,824
93.173	University of New Mexico	R01 DC018282	-	27,673
93.242	Vanderbilt University	R01 MH124671	-	10,417
93.273	University of Colorado	R24 AA019661	-	5,806
93.279	University of Wisconsin	R01 DA051464	-	99,065
93.279	Wayne State University	R34 DA053758	-	12,812
93.279	Texas Christian University	UG1 DA050074	-	59,591
93.310	Duke University	U2C OD023375	-	51,989
93.350	University of Chicago	KL2 TR002387	-	86,518
93.350	University of Pittsburgh	UL1 TR001857	-	4,113
93.350	University of Illinois Chicago	UL1 TR002003	-	14,126
93.350	University of Illinois Chicago	UL1 TR002003	-	62,725
93.350	Vanderbilt University Medical Center	UL1 TR002243	-	18,420
93.350	University of Chicago	UL1 TR002389	-	519,273
93.350	University of Chicago	UL1 TR002389	-	(2,886)
93.393	Medical College of Wisconsin	R01 CA229546	-	74,227
93.393	Pennsylvania State University	R01 CA249052	-	22,767
93.395	Brigham and Women's Hospital, Inc.	n/a	-	81,853
93.395	Northwestern University	R01 CA260250	-	8,317
93.395	Oregon Health and Science University	U10 CA180888	-	185,586
93.395	Oregon Health and Science University	U10 CA180888	-	30,581
93.396	University of Virginia	R01 CA233749	-	311,590
93.396	The Medical University of South Carolina	R01 CA236379	-	87,394
93.396	University of Pennsylvania	U01 CA227550	-	27,623
93.837	Regents of the University of Minnesota	R01 HL139065	-	79,588
93.837	University of Rochester	R01 HL140588	-	3,757
93.837	New England Research Institutes, Inc.	R01 HL141213	-	1,323
93.837	Cedars-Sinai Medical Center	R01 HL147570	-	43,978
93.837	New York University	R01 HL147811	-	6,963
93.837	University of Wisconsin	R01 HL157262	-	22,643
93.837	Thermedical, Inc.	R44 HL132746	-	(555)
93.837	New England Research Institutes, Inc.	U01 HL107407	-	9,855
93.837	Mayo Clinic	U01 HL128606	-	333
93.838	University of Illinois Chicago	1OT2HL156812	-	35,494
93.838	University of Illinois	1OT2HL156812	-	8,948
93.838	University of Illinois Chicago	1OT2 HL156812	-	30,438
93.838	University of Illinois Chicago	OT2 HL158287	-	18,181
93.838	University of Pittsburgh	U01 HL128954	-	221
93.838	University of Cincinnati	U01 HL131755	-	19,799
93.838	University of Alabama	U01 HL133232	-	3,635
93.839	University of Illinois Chicago	R43 HL158368	-	15,289
93.839	Oregon Health and Science University	UG1 HL138658	-	34,314
93.847	University of Illinois Chicago	R01 DK101536	-	12,398
93.847	Vanderbilt University	R01 DK125546	-	34,111
93.847	UroNext, LLC	R41 DK121625	-	-
93.847	Northwestern University	TL1 DK132769	-	12,918
93.847	Regents of the University of Minnesota	U01 DK106786	-	368
93.847	University of Kansas Medical Center Research Institute Inc.	U01 DK107131	-	2,533
93.847	Joslin Diabetes Center	U01 DK116102	-	1,660
93.847	Beckman Research Institute of the City of Hope	U24 DK098085	-	32,544
93.847	Regents of the University of Minnesota	U24 DK106786	-	1,273
93.847	Augusta University	U24 DK115255	-	22,758
93.847	Columbia University	U54 DK104309	-	86,146

ALN #	Program	Award Number	Amounts	
			Disbursed to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
93.847	University of Ghana	U54 DK116913	-	38,840
93.847	University of Ghana	U54 DK116913	-	707
93.853	University of Utah	R01 NS115716	-	530,319
93.853	Northwestern University	R01 NS123057	-	6,629
93.853	University of Cincinnati	U01 NS099043	-	8,515
93.853	University of Cincinnati	U01 NS100699	-	1,598
93.853	University of Chicago	U24 NS107233	-	42
93.855	University of Iowa	P01 AI060699	-	327,079
93.855	University of Rochester	P01 AI102851	-	337,335
93.855	Indiana University	R01 AI116706	-	31,950
93.855	University of Notre Dame	R01 AI129543	-	103,557
93.855	Indiana University	R01 AI134727	-	18,396
93.855	Ann & Robert H. Lurie Children's Hospital of Chicago	R01 AI150719	-	17,456
93.855	Illinois Institute of Technology	R01 AI151152	-	71,131
93.855	Cleveland Clinic Lerner College of Medicine of CWRU	R37 AI087846	-	27,479
93.855	HasenTech, LLC	R41 AI155281	-	1,486
93.866	Thomas Jefferson University	R01 AG073349	-	49,134
93.866	Hebrew Senior Life	R24 AG054259	-	13,611
93.866	University of Wisconsin	RF1 AG074608	-	48,124
93.867	University of Illinois Chicago	R24 EY032440	-	294,653
93.879	Boston Children's Hospital	R01 LM010090	-	38,974
93.879	Boston Children's Hospital	R01 LM012973	-	26,467
93.989	New York University	D43 TW009140	-	29,186
	Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		<u>2,401,008</u>	<u>25,087,296</u>
	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY			
	Subgrants:			
81.087	University of Michigan	DE-EE0009361	-	34,709
	Total U.S. Department of Energy		-	<u>34,709</u>
	U.S DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR			
	Subgrants:			
15.662	Illinois Department of Natural Resources	F19AP00718	-	33,791
15.662	National Fish and Wildlife Foundation	F20AP11655	-	14,875
15.662	State of Illinois	F21AP00537	-	212,895
15.615	Indiana Department of Natural Resources	F21AP00640	41,805	64,914
93.847	Sault Tribe	n/a	<u>7,779</u>	<u>43,438</u>
	Total U.S. Department of Interior		<u>49,584</u>	<u>369,913</u>
	U.S DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			
16.026	OVW Research and Evaluation Program	2018-SI-AX-0006	-	77,108
16.560	National Institute of Justice Research, Evaluation, and Development Project Grants	15PNIJ-21-GG-02807-RESS	-	10,303
	Subgrants:			
16.021	Cook County Circuit Court	2020-FJ-AX-003	-	29,433
16.812	Cook County Circuit Court	2018-SM-BX-0004	-	52,596
16.560	University of Massachusetts Lowell	2019-R2-CX-0067	-	61,288
16.560	Northeastern University	2019-VT-BX-0038	-	4,543
16.575	ERIE NEIGHBORHOOD HOUSE	2018-V2-GX-0070	-	9,940
16.609	Region 1 Planning Council	2019-GP-BX-0132	-	63,641
	Total U.S. Department of Justice		-	<u>308,852</u>
	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY			
	Subgrants:			
21.RD	Northwestern University	RI-CRN-2020-002	-	17,253
21.RD	University of Alabama at Birmingham	n/a	-	22,109
21.RD	National Marrow Donor Program	n/a	-	1,569
	Total U.S. Department of the Treasury		-	<u>40,931</u>
	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS AFFAIRS			
64.027	Post-9/11 Veterans Educational Assistance	n/a	-	3,807,247
64.XXX	Intergovernmental Personnel Act Agreement	n/a	-	85,419
	Total U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs		-	<u>3,892,666</u>
	Total Research and Development Cluster		<u>2,759,764</u>	<u>34,027,134</u>

ALN #	Program	Award Number	Amounts Disbursed to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
STUDENT FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE				
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
84.007	Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants	P007A201208	-	1,239,737
84.033	Federal Work-Study Program	P033A211208	141,541	2,824,140
84.038	Federal Perkins Loan Program	n/a	-	8,629,990
84.063	Federal Pell Grant Program	P063P201359	-	6,868
84.063	Federal Pell Grant Program	P063P211359	-	13,817,535
84.268	Federal Direct Student Loans	P268K211359	-	917,964
84.268	Federal Direct Student Loans	P268K221359	-	170,282,941
84.268	Federal Direct Student Loans	P268K231359	-	7,930,266
84.379	Teacher Education Assistance for College and Higher Education Grants (TEACH Grants)	P379T221359	-	30,720
84.XX	Iraq and Afghanistan Service Grant	P408A211359	-	<u>6,125</u>
Total U.S. Department of Education			<u>141,541</u>	<u>205,686,286</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES				
93.264	Nurse Faculty Loan Program	E01 HP12978	-	1,340,578
93.364	Nursing Student Loans	E4C HP14950	-	<u>1,522,821</u>
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			-	<u>2,863,399</u>
Total Student Financial Assistance Cluster			<u>141,541</u>	<u>208,549,685</u>
TRIO				
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
84.042A	TRIO Student Support Services	P042A201465	-	<u>211,634</u>
Total U.S. Department of Education			-	<u>211,634</u>
Total Trio Cluster			-	<u>211,634</u>
OTHER				
NATIONAL ENDOWMENT FOR THE HUMANITIES				
45.160	Promotion of the Humanities Fellowships and Stipends	FEL-273893-21	-	<u>57,849</u>
Total National Endowment for the Humanities			-	<u>57,849</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Subgrants:				
84.126	Illinois Division of Rehabilitation Services	H126A180018	-	279,585
84.126	Indiana Bureau of Rehabilitation Services	H126A180018	-	9,612
84.215	Columbia College Chicago	U215J150035	-	1,821
84.287	Chicago Public Schools	S287C180013	-	730,048
84.287	Chicago Public Schools	n/a	-	57,908
84.287	Paulette Wolf Events	S287C200013	-	32,797
84.305A	DePaul University	R305A210263	-	33,286
84.305	Duke University	R305A190484	-	103,419.00
84.334A	Northeastern Illinois University	P334A140132	-	36,675
84.365	University of Missouri-St. Louis	T365Z170135	-	13,749
84.423	Illinois State University	U423A170072	-	<u>63,193</u>
Total U.S. Department of Education			-	<u>1,362,093</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT				
Subgrants:				
14.895	Center for New Horizons	FJP000219	-	<u>30,376</u>
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			-	<u>30,376</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF STATE				
19.04	Public Diplomacy Programs	S-GY200-20-GR-0005	-	<u>7,550</u>
Total U.S. Department of State			-	<u>7,550</u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY				
21.008	Low Income Taxpayer Clinics	21-LITC0394-03-00	-	46,827
21.008	Low Income Taxpayer Clinics	22-LITC0563-01-01	-	52,549

ALN #	Program	Award Number	Amounts Disbursed to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
	Subgrants:			
20.019	COVID 19 - Hektoen Institute for Medical Research	77915-2021-79923AAF	-	64,591
21.XXX	COVID 19 - Illinois Network of Child Care Resources and Referral Agencies	n/a	-	88,929
	Total U.S. Department of the Treasury		-	252,896
	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY			
	Subgrants:			
97.132	University of Illinois Chicago	EMW-2021-GR-00068-S01	-	20,930
	Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security		-	20,930
	Total Other Cluster		-	1,731,694
	TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS		\$ 2,901,305	\$ 269,443,303

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the schedule.

LOYOLA UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Purpose—The purpose of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (“Schedule”) is to present a summary of the expenditures of Loyola University of Chicago (LUC) for the year ended June 30, 2022, that have been financed by the federal government.

Direct federal programs are presented by the federal government Assistance Listing Number (ALN) and, where applicable, the major subdivision within the agency. Subgrant programs are presented by each pass-through organization that granted federal funds to LUC. Amounts disbursed to subrecipients represent amounts LUC has passed through to other organizations.

Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the transactions of LUC, it is not intended to, and does not, present the financial position, activities or cash flows of LUC.

Basis of Accounting—The accompanying Schedule has been prepared from LUC’s accounting records. LUC’s accounting records for federal awards are maintained principally on the modified cash basis except for purchases of capital items, which are recorded as expenditures.

All program cash received includes federal and state matching funds if the pass-through agency could not separately identify the federal portion.

As LUC has a federally negotiated indirect cost rate in effect for the year ended June 30, 2022, LUC did not elect to use the 10% de minimis cost rate.

2. MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS

The major federal programs administered by LUC during the year ended June 30, 2022 were the Student Financial Assistance cluster and the Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF).

The Student Financial Assistance cluster is defined by the Uniform Guidance as including those programs of general student assistance, such as those authorized by Title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended, which is administered by the U.S. Department of Education, and similar programs provided by other federal agencies.

Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF) grants through the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) (HEERF I), the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2021 (CRRSAA) (HEERF II), or the American Rescue Plan (ARP) (HEERF III)(collectively, HEERF grant programs) compliance requirements are developed by the U.S. Department of Education (ED) and Office of Inspector General (OIG) and are also defined in Title 34 of the Code of Federal Regulations (C.F.R.) § 600.5, receiving Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund (HEERF) grants.

3. ADMINISTRATIVE COST ALLOWANCE

Included in the major program student financial assistance section of the Schedule is the total amount of expenditures from the administrative cost allowance provided by the Federal Work-Study Program (CFDA #84.033).

4. NONCASH FEDERAL AWARDS AND FEDERAL INSURANCE

During the year ended June 30, 2022, LUC did not expend any nonmonetary assistance. In addition, LUC did not have any federal insurance in effect during the year ended June 30, 2022, to specifically cover federal expenditures.

5. LOANS WITH CONTINUING COMPLIANCE REQUIREMENTS

The outstanding balances of those loan programs for which the Federal Government imposes continuing compliance requirements are as follows:

<u>Program</u>	<u>CFDA #</u>	<u>Outstanding Balance as of June 30, 2022</u>
Federal Perkins Loan Program	84.038	\$ 6,362,541
Nursing Faculty Loan Program	93.264	1,152,820
Nursing Student Loans	93.364	<u>1,273,910</u>
Total		<u>\$ 8,789,271</u>

The amount of loans outstanding at the beginning of the year and loans made during the year for these programs are included in the federal expenditures presented in the Schedule.

6. FEDERAL AWARD THRESHOLD

The federal expenditure dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs for fiscal year 2022 was \$1,826,809.

7. FINDINGS

There were no current-year or prior-year financial statement or federal award findings required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

PART V

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
SECTION I—SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS**

LOYOLA UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified?	No
Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs: Material weaknesses identified?	No
Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance	No

Identification of Major Programs

CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
Various	Student Financial Assistance Cluster
84.425E/84.425F	Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between, Type A and Type B programs	\$1,826,809
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee	Yes

PART V

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS SECTION II—FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

There were no financial statement findings during fiscal year 2022.

PART V

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
SECTION III—FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND
QUESTIONED COSTS**

There were no findings or questioned costs during fiscal year 2022.

PART V

**SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
SECTION IV—SUMMARY SCHEDULE AND RESOLUTION OF
PRIOR-YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS**

There were no audit findings during fiscal year 2021.

PART VI

FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY SCHEDULE

Loyola University of Chicago
Department of Education - Composite Score Calculation
Financial Responsibility Ratio Supplemental Schedule
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

(in thousands)

Financial Statement Line Item or Notes to the Financial Statements	Department of Education Line Item	Financial Statement Line Amount	Amount Used for Ratio Calculation	Calculation of Numerator or Denominator as used in Ratios
Primary Reserve Ratio:				
Expendable Net Assets:				
Statement of Financial Position: Net assets without donor restrictions	Net assets without donor restrictions	1,421,334	1,421,334	1,421,334
Statement of Financial Position: Net assets with donor restrictions	Net assets with donor restrictions	-	560,706	560,706
Note 15, Net assets: Time or purpose Net assets	Net assets with donor restrictions: other for purpose or time	274,819	-	-
Note 15, Net Assets: Annuity	Annuities with donor restrictions	2,363	2,363	(2,363)
Note 15, Net Assets: Term Endowments	Term endowments with donor restrictions	2,124	2,124	(2,124)
Note 15, Net Assets: Life income funds	Life income funds with donor restrictions	252	252	(252)
Note 15, Net Assets: Perpetual Net assets	Net assets with donor restrictions: restricted in perpetuity	281,148	281,148	(281,148)
Not Applicable	Secured and Unsecured related party receivable	-	-	-
Not Applicable	Unsecured related party receivable	-	-	-
Not Applicable	Secured related party receivable	-	-	-
Statement of Financial Position: Land, buildings and equipment, net	Property, plant and equipment, net (includes Construction in progress)	-	1,019,949	(1,019,949)
Note 20, Net book value of Land, buildings, and equipment, Pre-implementation	Property, plant and equipment pre-implementation	883,606	-	-
Not Applicable	Property, plant and equipment post-implementation with outstanding debt for original purchase	-	-	-
Note 20, Net book value of Land, buildings, and equipment, Post-implementation	Property, plant and equipment post-implementation without outstanding debt for original purchase	121,588	-	-
Note 8, Land, Buildings and Equipment, Net: Construction in Progress	Construction in progress	14,755	-	-
Statement of Financial Position: Right of use asset - operating leases	Lease right-of-use asset, net	1,261	-	-
Not Applicable	Lease right-of-use asset, pre-implementation	-	-	-
Note 20, Right-of-use asset - post-implementation	Lease right-of-use asset, post-implementation	1,261	1,261	(1,261)
Not Applicable	Intangible assets	-	-	-
Statement of Financial Position: Pension and other postretirement plan liabilities	Post-employment and pension liabilities	40,394	40,394	40,394
Note 9, Indebtedness: Total bonds and notes payable	Long-term debt - for long term purposes	-	-	-
Note 20, Indebtedness: Pre-implentation, for long term	Long-term debt - for long term purposes pre-implementation	281,073	281,073	281,073
Note 20, Indebtedness: Pre-implentation, for long term	Long-term debt - for long term purposes post-implementation	-	-	-
Not Applicable	Line of Credit for Construction in progress	-	-	-
Note 20, Indebtedness: Pre-implentation, for long term purposes	Long term debt - portion in excess of net book value of designated PPE	-	-	-
Statement of Financial Position: Lease liability - operating	Lease right-of-use liability	1,291	-	-
Not Applicable	Right-of-use liability - Pre Implementation	-	-	-
Note 20, Right-of-use liability - post-implementation	Right-of-use liability - Post Implementation	1,291	1,261	1,261
			Total Expendable Net Assets	\$ 997,671
Total Expenses and Losses:				
Statement of Activities: Total Operating Expenses	Total expenses without donor restrictions - taken directly from Statement of Activities	615,650	615,650	615,650
Statement of Activities, Non-Operating Activities without donor restrictions: Other components of net periodic pension costs and net return on investment	Non-Operating and Net Investment (loss)	-	54,727	54,727
Note 4, Total net return on investment: Non-operating investment loss without donor restrictions	Net investment losses	44,361	44,361	(44,361)
Statement of Activities: Non-Operating Activities without donor restrictions: Net periodic pension and post retirement plan cost	Other components of net periodic pension costs	1,109	-	-
Note 20, Non-operating activities without donor restriction - Other: Other Expenses	Losses included in line item Non-Operating without donor restrictions - "Other"	9,257	-	-
Not Applicable	Pension -related changes other than net periodic costs: Expense	-	-	-
			Total Expenses and Losses	\$ 626,016

(in thousands)

Financial Statement Line Item or Notes to the Financial Statements	Department of Education Line Item	Financial Statement Line Amount	Amount Used for Ratio Calculation	Calculation of Numerator or Denominator as used in Ratios
Equity Ratio:				
Modified Net Assets:				
Statement of Financial Position: Net assets without donor restrictions	Net assets without donor restrictions	1,421,334	1,421,334	1,421,334
Statement of Financial Position: Net assets with donor restrictions	Net assets with donor restrictions	560,706	560,706	560,706
Not Applicable	Right-of-use liability - Pre Implementation	-	-	-
Not Applicable	Right-of-use liability - Pre Implementation	-	-	-
Not Applicable	Intangible assets	-	-	-
Not Applicable	Secured and Unsecured related party receivables	-	-	-
Not Applicable	Unsecured related party receivables	-	-	-
Total Modified Net Assets				\$ 1,982,040

Modified Assets:				
Statement of Financial Position: Total assets	Total assets	2,422,434	2,422,434	2,422,434
Not Applicable	Intangible assets	-	-	-
Not Applicable	Secured and Unsecured related party receivables	-	-	-
Not Applicable	Unsecured related party receivables	-	-	-
Not Applicable	Right-of-use liability - Pre Implementation	-	-	-
Total Modified Assets				\$ 2,422,434

Net Income Ratio:				
Change in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions:				
Statement of Activities: Change in net assets without donor restrictions	Change in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions	(29,726)	(29,726)	(29,726)
Change in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions:				\$ (29,726)

Total Revenues and Gains:				
Statement of Activities: Total operating revenues	Total operating revenues	637,260	637,260	637,260
Statement of Activities: Investment income designated for operations	Investment return appropriated for spending	9,769	9,769	(9,769)
Note 20, Non-Operating Activities without donor restriction - Other: Other Revenue. Statement of Activities: Non-Operating Activities without donor restrictions: Gifts, Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund Institutional Share, Retirement plan related changes other than net periodic retirement plan cost, Net assets transferred or released from restrictions, Net assets released-board designated	Non-operating revenue and other gains	-	13,160	13,160
Not Applicable	Net investment gains	-	-	-
Note 20, Non-Operating Activities without donor restriction - Other: Other Revenue	Non-operating gains - "Other"	2,074	-	-
Statement of Activities: Non-Operating Activities without donor restrictions: Gifts	Non operating gains - "Other" - Gift in Non-Operating	20	-	-
Statement of Activities: Non-Operating Activities without donor restrictions: Higher Education Emergency Relief Fund Institutional Share	Non-operating gains - "Other" - HEERF	6,232	-	-
Statement of Activities: Non-Operating Activities without donor restrictions: Retirement plan related changes other than net periodic retirement plan cost	Pension -related changes other than net periodic costs	5,235	5,235	(5,235)
Statement of Activities: Non-Operating Activities without donor restrictions, Net assets transferred or released from restrictions	Net assets transferred or released from restrictions	6,329	-	-
Statement of Activities: Non-Operating Activities without donor restrictions, Net assets released - board designated	Net assets released - board designated	(6,730)	-	-
Total Revenues and Gains				\$ 635,416